Soviets expel British attache

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet Union Friday ordered Britain's naval attache, Capt. Bruce Richardson, to leave the country within a week, the British embassy announced. The expulsion was announced two weeks after the British government ordered out the Soviet naval attache in London on charges of spying. The spokesman said ambassador Sir Iain Sutherland was summoned to the Foreign Ministry Friday and told that Capt. Richardson should be withdrawn within seven days. He added that the embassy considered the expulsion was clearly connected with the treatment of the Soviet naval attache, Capt. Anatoli Zotov.





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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Britain hopes Arab team can visit in February

LONDON (R) — Britain hopes a postponed visit of an Arah League delegation to explain a pan-Arah Middle East peace plan can now take place in February, Deputy Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd said Friday. He denied repons that Britain had compromised its position over the presence in the seven-man delegation of a Palestinian representative. The visit was postponed because Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher refused to meet a representative of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). Asked if the Foreign Office had reached a compromise over the PLO representative Mr. Hurd said: "We haven't." Reports that a compromise had been reached came last week after former Minister Lord Chalfont, acting on behalf of the government, went to Morocco for talks with King Hassan, who was due to head the delegation.

Israel developing new air to sea missile

TEL AVIV (R) — Israel Aircraft Industries (IAI) has a new sophisticated air to sea missile in the final stages of development, its designer and manufacturer has announced. The new missile is described as a development of the IAI-designed Gabriel sea to sea missile which has had a high success rate in sea battles, according to Israel army sources. The new development, called the Gabriel Mark 3 air to sea missile, can be fitted to a wide range of aircraft. According to data released Thursday, the Gabriel Mark 3-has a range of more than 60 kilometres with a warbead of 140 kilogrammes. The 3.85 metre long missile, fitted with an active radar guidance system, can be fired either fully independently using its onto target, or fired with the aircraft pilot correcting its course until shortly before hitting its target, its manufacturers say.

2 U.S. submarines collide at sea

WASHINGTON (R) - Two U.S. nuclear-powered submarines collided at sea off San Francisco Thursday, but no one was injured and there was only minor damage to one of the vessels, the navy said Friday. Navy officials said the submarine La Jolla was at perscope depth and the submarine ermit was on the surface when he accident happened during rouine sea trials. The two attack uhmarines, each with their nornal complement of 120 men abord, were now at the Mare Island aval shipyards in San Francisco, ney said. The officials said La olla, commissioned last year, susained damage to its upper rudder ection, has the Permit, comnissioned in 1962, suffered no pparent damage.

Carthquake kills i miners in Mghanistan

5LAMABAD (R) - At least six sople were killed when an eariquake damaged Afghanistan's ggest underground coal mine hursday, Kabul Radio said Frity In a broadcast monitored are by Reuters, the radio said a amber of people were injured by e tremor, which was measured. 6.0 on the Richter scale in neibouring Pakistan. The Peswar Meterological Station in kistan placed the epicentre of : tremor in the same immediate a as the Karkar coalmine which located in the rugged Hindu ish mountains 160 kilometres rth of Kabul. The radio, wbose at report came 36 hours after ; tremor was felt, said some resinces at the mine were desyed and "urgeot measures" re taken. The quake was also t in the capital, the radio said, t its only mention of damage s at the mine. Afghan refugee irces said the coalmine norlly employs about 1,000 mm-They said it would be a bitter w to the country if mining was lly disrupted in the depth of

Habib, Gemayel continue talks on withdrawal

BEIRUT (R) — U.S. special envoy Philip Habib met Lebanese government leaders Friday on the latest stage of his mission to secure the withdrawal of all Israeli, Syrian and Palestinian forces from Lebanon.

Mr. Hahib held two hnurs of talks with Lebanese President Amin Gemayel. He left declining to say anything about the sub-stance of his talks but looking rel-

Both Israeli and Lebanese officials have been expressing optimism about the United States' renewed efforts to achieve the withdrawal of foreign forces from Lebanon but it is not yet clear exa-

ctly what progress is being made. The reliable Beirut newspaper An Nahar reported this week that the United States was proposing a two-stage programme of phased withdrawals.

In the first stage, U.S. envoys would hold separate talks with the various parties to arrange withdrawals from the mountains east of Beirut.

The separate talks formula would get round the problem caused by the inability of Israel and Lebanon to agree on a procedure for direct negotiations.

In the second stage, with confidence hoosted hy the withdrawals from the mountains, Israel and Lebanon would then make a new attempt to hold direct talks on the final pullous of Israeli forces, the report said.

Israeli sources io Jerusalem said Mr. Habib had proposed that the direct talks should take place in a neutral country. Mr. Begin had replied that he would put the idea to the cabinet on Sunday.

Neither side gave details of Mr. Habib's discussions with Prime Minister Menachem Begin earlier Friday, which were almost overshadowed by remarks by hawkish defence minister, Ariel Sharon. The minister, who has clashed

with the United States over the Lehanon issue, told Israeli int-

erviewers he had been conducting direct talks with the Lebanese for the past few months and a breakthrough was imminent.

In one interview, in the aftemoon newspaper Maariv. Mr. Sharon virtually suggested the U.S. was not fully in the picture on the state of Israeli-Lehanese con-

The Jerusalem Post said it seemed Mr. Sharon, who was snu-hhed by the Reagan administration during a trip to the U.S. this month, wanted to remind the Americans that Israeli and Lebanese officials were in regular con-

Mr. Habib and his fellow Middle East envoy Morris Draper had hoped to arrange a withdrawal of Israeli, Syrian and Palestinian forces from Lebanon this year.

Negotiations have been delayed because Lebanon rejected Israel's demand that Jerusalem be one of the venues for talks and that they also cover normalising relations.

·Elie Salem, interview page 8

Rescue teams fight hard to dig out survivors in Dhamar

SANAA, North Yemen (R) -Rescue teams raced against time Friday io attempts to dig out more survivors of the earthquake which hit Dhamar province on Monday and is estimated to have killed more than 2,000 people.

Rescue workers are operating in mountainous areas high above sea level and io some almost inaccessible places.

One of them said: "We are engaged in one of the most difficult operations. Prospects of finding more survivors are dimming. It is four days now sioce the earthouake hit and the lack of oxygen at such heights added to the pro-

Officials said 1.450 bodies had been recovered so far and 1.500 injured were taken to hospitals. They expect the death toll to top

2,000 as the tremor hit one of the country's densely populated reg-ions southwest of Sanaa and about 400,000 people were made hom-

Refugees are packed in temporary camps but many are still without shelter and the government has appealed for more

Further damage to the devastated area was caused when four more tremors, not as strong as Monday's, struck the region on Wednesday, eyewitnesses said

More than 250 villages were damaged, including 15 razed to the ground, they added. Saudi Arabia has established an

airlift to carry hundreds of tons of relief supplies to North Yemen. It has donated 100 million rivals (\$29 million) in financial aid. U.S. Air Force planes are also

flying in relief supplies, the Defence Department said in Washington. Planeloads of supplies and more

than 300 medical personnel have arrived from other countries.

The earthquake was one of the biggest natural disasters to hit this Red Sea country.
In a mountain village southwest

of Sanaa, many rock-huilt houses erected on high cliffs were completely destroyed. Bulldozers were removing tons of rubble.

Kohl loses confidence vote

BONN (R) - West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl opened the way Friday for an early general election in March by intentionally losing a vote of confidence in par-

After a lengthy debate in which the centre-right government and the Social Democratic (SPD) opposition exchanged preelection broadsides, most of Mr. Kohl's supporters abstained to deny him the majority required for a confidence vote.

The chancellor, whose motion was defeated by 218 votes to eight with 248 abstentions, immediately asked President Karl Carstens to dissolve parliament and call elections on March 6.

Mr. Carstens has until Jan. 7 to

decide, but political sources said he would meet the request despite constitutional doubts raised by several deputies during Friday's debate.

Mr. Kohl confidently expects to be returned to office with an increased majority in March.

Defending his record in the 11 weeks since he overthrew SPD Chancellor Helmus Schmidt with the help of the Free Democrats (FDP), who switched allegiance, Mr. Kohl said his "coalition of the middle" had launched West Germany on the road to economic

All four parliamentary parties and a vast majority of the population wanted to vote now, he

U.S. has no comment on Jordanian-Palestinian action

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — The Deputy State Department spokesman Alan Romberg said he would have no comment on reports from Amman that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) has agreed that any future Palestinian entity will have a spe-

cial relationship with Jordan. The matter is one the United States "doubtless would want to be discussing privately' with King Hussein when he visits Washington next week. Mr. Romberg

On a related matter, Mr. Romber said the Uoited States has not received any formal request from Jordan for U.S. missiles or military aircraft. If one were received. Mr. Romberg said, the United States would consider it in light of Washington's long standing concern for Jordan's security and also in light of other regional security

In response to questions, Mr. Romberg said: "The State Department has received no licence applications for helicopters which are contained in either the munitions control list or the commodity control list from U.S. helicopter manufacturers for sales to

The Wali Street Journal reported on Dec. 15 that Hughes Helicopters Incorporated of Los Angeles, California, has agreed to sell 60 new commercial helicopters to Iraq for a reported \$25

The article said the helicopters were to be used for flight training, transportation and agricultural purposes. The article indicated it might be possible to convert at least some of the commercial belicopters to military use.

PLO official denies media report

AMMAN (Petra) - Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official Najeeh Al Ahmad, said Thursday that the report quoting him by some newspapers oo Wed-nesday as saying that the Palestine National Council (PNC) will convene io Algiers on Jan. 1, 1983 is groundless. He also denied making any statements to any newspaper to this effect.

Andropov to address Kremlin rally

MOSCOW (R) — Soviet Com-munist Party leader Yuri Andropov will make his first major public speech since taking office at a Kremlin rally next week to mark the 60th anniversary of the Soviet

After five weeks in office Mr. Andropov, a bespectacled former head of the KGB security police, remains a shadowy figure not only to foreigners but to most of his

fellow countrymen. On many subjects his views are still unknown but some of the question marks will he removed when the new party general secretary mounts the rostrum in the Kremin palace of congresses on Dec.

The occasioo will he a ceremonial two-day joint session of the Communist Party Central Committee, the USSR Supreme Soviet (parliament) and the Supreme Soviet of the Russian Federation, the largest of the 15 rep-

If the pattern of the 50th anniversary meeting in 1972 is rep-eated, Mr. Andropov will deliver a report lasting several hours on foreign and domestic policy.

Nn guest list has been announced, but all the leaders of Moscow's Warsaw Pact ally states and delegations from other pro-Moscow Communist and leftist parties are expected for what will amount to a scaled-down party congress.

U.S. to sell arms to Jordan without any conditions

NEW YORK (Agencies) - The United States will support the sale of arms to Jordan without any condition that King Hussem join talks with Israel, Egypt and the United States on Palestinian selfrule, according to Edwin Meese, the presidential counselor.

Mr. Meese, in his comments to the Long Island Jewish World published on Thursday, said that the issue of whether Jordan accepted the Camp David peace accords was "unrelated" to the arms

leaves for AMMAN (J.T.) - Prime Min-

Badran

ister Mudar Badran left for the United States Friday to join King Hussein in talks with President Reagan and U.S. officials.

Mr. Badran is expected to brief King Hussem on the outcome of this week's visit to Jordan by Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat and a meeting of a joint Jordanian-Palestinian committee.

At the end of the meeting a communique said the two sides had agreed on a "distinctive and special relationship" between Jordan and a liberated Palestine. King Husseio is due to meet Mr.

Reagan on Tuesday. Information Minister Adnam Abu Odeh and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem left for Wasbington on Friday.

A royal decree was issued appoloting Finance Minister Salem Masa'deh as acting prime minister during Mr. Badran's absence abr The prime minister (third from

right in photo) was seen off by (from right to left) Minister of Transport Ali Suheimat, U.S. Charge d'Affaires in Amman Edward Jiredjian, NCC speaker Suleiman Arar, Minister of Education Sa'id Al Tal and Minister of Public Works Awni Al Masri.

UNRWA workers condemn administration decision

By Lamis Andoni Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A meeting of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine refugees (UNRWA) workers Union Conference, which concluded its three-day sessions here Thursday, issued a statement condemning the UNRWA administration's decision which stipulated that all its absent workers should return to their respective places of work or

face expulsion. The statement, issued by the UNRWA Interstaff Union Workers, explained that the 500 UNRWA employees who were forced to leave their areas in Lebanon during the Israeli invasion, cannot go back unless the UNRWA administration guarantees their safety because their working posts are either under

Falangist or Israeli control. It also called for solidarity between UNRWA staff in Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, the West Bank and Gaza Strip, and asserted the importance of working in unison to solve their problems including relations between them and the UNRWA administration in the aftermath of demands for increase in salaries and the case of 123 detained UNRWA workers in Leb-

UNRWA staff representatives. deplored in their statement the dismissal and the reduction of salaries of the agency's sraff in West Bank who participated in the Day of the Land solidarity activities last March or protested against the agency's decision to suspend food ration to Palestinian refugees.

the ration cuts.

and that the UNRWA resume

paying their inflation allowance." They also protested against the method of negotiation carried out

On the other hand, UNRWA Director of Personnel and Administration Robin Hopkins arrived in Amman Thursday to discuss the problems of UNRWA workers and resume talks with Jordanian officials started by UNRWA Commissioner General Olof Rydbeck two weeks ago.

The statement also condemned The conference discussed ame-

ndments to the union's statute pertaining to coordination and cooperation of the different area committees. The representatives listened to reasons which compelled staff workers in Jordan and the West Bank not to sign a memorandum agreement adopted in Lamaca last October. Representatives of UNRWA staff in Jordan pointed out that the memorandum "ignored the staff dem-

by the UNRWA administration.

Shultz 'reassured' about unity of NATO

LONDON (R) - U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz said Friday he had been greatly reassured about the unity and determination of the NATO alliance during his seven-nation tour around Wes-

tern Europe. Mr. Shultz, in London on the. last leg of the trip, was speaking at a joint news conference with British Foreign Secretary Francis Pvm after the two men had talks on a wide range of issues.

"I feel on this trip in discussions here and elsewhere-everywhere without exception--a great sense of reassurance io the depth of understanding... and the sense of determination, unity and cohesion that I felt in our allies," he said.

Mr. Shultz, in response to a question, declined to criticise antinuclear groups, saying only that they were a reminder about the strength of conviction on the goals of peace and justice.

President Reagan had been criticised in the past for associating peace groups with left-wing agi-

Much of the questioning at the news conference concerned the control of U.S. cruise missiles to be stationed in Britain as part of NATO's modernisation of its nuclear forces.

There have been suggestions in Britain, both from within the ruling Conservative Party and the opposition, that the government

should seek dual control of the missiles instead of leaving them totally in American hands But both Mr. Pym and Shultz said control of the missiles was a

NATO matter and there should be no change in arrangements that worked well in the past and which did not involve a so-called "dual key" arrangement. Mr. Shultz said policy towards

the new Soviet leadership should be hased on refusal to indulge in wishful thinking, strong defence. willingness to negoriate on problems and a belief that constructive solutions could achieve a better world. Shuttz lauds multinational inrce,

Hassan receives 2 European Christian Democrats

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. the Regent. Thursday received with Jean Pierre Daillet and Pete Biokanan, members of the European union of Christian Dem-

ocratic parties. During the meeting Prince Has-san discussed with them the devclopments in the Middle East in general and the situation in the Israeli-occupied Arab territories

in particular. They also discussed the role which can be played by Europe in achieving a just and comprehensvie peace in the area.

UNESCO agrees to preserve heritage of Old Jerusalem

PARIS (Petra) - The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation's (UNESCO) international heritage committee has taken up the question of preserving and maintaming the heritage of Old Jer-usalem and its walls. The United States was the only country voted

against this move. Jordanian ambassador in Paris and permanent Jordanian renresentative at the UNESCO. Mr. Taher Al Masri, submitted a special file detailing the conditions of Jerusalem after the occupation of

Israeli military. It also gives a clear picture of Israeli attempts of Judaisation in defiance of all international resolutions and norms.

He said the Jordanian government will follow up this case with the committee and UNESCO in order to prevent Israel from further Judaisation of the sacred city.

He expressed hope that the committee on Jerusalem will enable the international community to help prevent Israel from Judaisation measures in order to maintain the status of the holy city. Further he added the committee may assist the Jordanian government in carrying out the maintenance of the damaged city.

Polish ambassador

sentenced to death WARSAW (R) - Poland's former amhassador to Japan, Zdzislaw Rurarz, has been sentenced to death in his absence for high treason by a Warsaw military court, the official news agency PAP said Friday. The court also confiscated all his property. PAP said. Shortly after the imposition of martial law last December, Mr. Rurarz followed the example of Pomuald Spasowski, Poland's ambassador to the United States, and asked for political asylum in

KGB chief heads Soviet Interior Ministry

MOSCOW (R) - KGB security police chief Vitaly Fedorchuk was appointed to head the Soviet Interior Ministry Friday in a highlevel reshuffle of Soviet security organs, TASS news agency reported. Mr. Fedorchuk, head of the

Shcholokov, a close associate of the late President Leonid Brezhnev, as minister of internal affairs. The new head of the KGB will be Viktor Chebrikov, until now one of

KGB since May, replaces Nikolai

two first deputies to Mr. Fedorchuk. Mr. Fedorchuk is believed to be a close associate of Mr. Brezhnev's successor Yuri Andropov, who

headed the KGB for 15 years until

The KGB is responsible for guarding Soviet borders, foreign intelligence and counter-esplonage, and for investigating serious crime, including political offences.

The Ministry of Internal Affairs (MVD) is in charge of the uniformed Soviet police and of most criminal investigations. It also handles all questions concerning residence permits, passports and foreign travel.

Mr. Shcholokov was believed to be one of Mr. Brezhnev's closest friends and his imminent departure from the post of internal affairs minister had been widely rumoured since Mr. Brezhnev Mr. Shcholokov, 72, was a

the Ukrainian city where Mr. Brezhnev spent the early part of his political career. He was plucked from a relatively obscure position as second secretary of the Moldavian Communist Party in 1966 to head the

Internal Affairs Ministry in Mos-

member of the so-called "Dne-

propetrovsk group" named after

cow and was promoted to Lieutenant General. His replacement, 64-year-old Mr. Fedorchuk, is a career KGB officer about whom little is known.

His switch to the Ministry of Internal Affairs means that in effect both wings of the Soviet security apparatus will be headed by officials with a strong KGB bac-

keround. Mr. Chebrikov, 59, also comes from Dnepropetrovsk but it of a younger generation than Mr. Brezhnev and Mr. Shcholnkov. He was a party official in the

to Moscow to head the KGB's. Cadres (personnel) Department. He was appointed a deputy chairman of the KGB in 1968 and became one of the two first deputies early this yar.

Ukraine until 1967 when be moved

The security shakeup coincides with signs that Mr. Andropov is about to step up a campaign against corruption at all levels of the

Soviet bureaucracy. The departure of Mr. She-

holokov may herald a much wider purge of the Internal Affairs Ministry and the police, who have acquired--in contrast to the KGB-a reputation for laxity and bribe-taking.

Friday's changes come only just before the 65th anniversary of the founding of the "Cheka", a forerunner of the KGB, which is to be celebrated this weekend.

If past precedent is followed there will he a commemorative speech by a senior security official. probably Mr. Chebrikov.

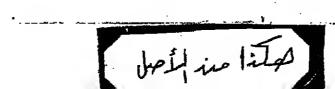
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Thabet Taher General Director



OVENEWS

Newly-formed committee to study workers dismissals from companies

The memorandum said that the

JPMC has discharged 260 workers

from Al Hasa and Ruseifa Pho-

By Afifah A.Kaloti Special to the Jurdan Times

AMMAN - A joint committee, including representatives of the Ministry of Labour, the Jordan Phosphate Mines Company (JPMC), the Mining Workers Union, and the General Fed-

Dr. Ahdul Jaber told the Jordan Times that the ministry's role in workers in different companies the matter was in accordance to its are deteriorating due to workers responsibilities to settle labour lay-offs in processes of reodisputes and to protect workers' rganisation or in eases of financial problems in the company.

According to a memorandum submitted early this month to the Ministry of Labour by the heads of

FBR 10

FBR 20

procedures adopted by several Jordanian companies in dismissing emplovees, Ministry of Labour Under-Secretary Tayseer Abdul Jaber said various trade unions, conditions of sphate Mines.

eration of Jordanian Trade Unions

(GFJTU), has been formed to discuss

The jobs of 513 workers at Al Bashir Hospital are threatened because a foreign company is expected to take over the administration of the services department at the hospital, the memorandum pointed out.

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Medical team leaves for Yemen to aid quake victims

AMMAN (Petra) - A Jordanian committee of the Jordanian Red medical team Thursday left Crescent Society held Thursday Amman for the Yemen Arab an emergency meeting chaired by Republic to help victims of last week's earthquake.

The head of the team, Dr. Anwar Al Bilbisi, told the cor- scent Society to help it in its rescue respondent of the Jordanian News and relief operations. The society Agency. Petra, that the team is made up of 11 doctors and six nurses of all specialisations and that the team is carrying with it six tonnes of various medicines and drugs to hand them over to Yemeni officials. He said the team will stay there as long as it is necessary and will contact the Jordanian health minister to send more doctors and nurses and medicines if needed. Meanwhile, the executive

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the Gulf and to the other major centres of the Middle

Bahrain its President Dr. Ahmad Abu Qourah and decided to contribute JD 1,000 to the Yemeni Red Cre-

thquake. Dr. Abu Qourah said the society would receive the contributions at its main headquarters in Amman.

also appealed to the public to

make contributions particularly

clothes to the victims of the ear-

Outgoing Greek envoy honoured

AMMAN (Petra) — Occupied Territories Affairs Minister and Acting Foreign Minister Hassan Ibrahim Thursday hosted a lun-cheon in honour of Greek Ambassador to Jordan Constantin Eliopoulos on the occasion of the end of his term in Jordan.

Mr. Ibrahim expressed his thanks and appreciation to the amhassador for the efforts he made to develop relations between the two countries. He also expressed hope that the relations between Jordan and Greece would continue to develop and praised the stands of the Greek government in supporting Arab

Mr. Ibrabim bestowed on Ambassador Eliopoulos the Independence Medal, Grade One, in appreciation of his efforts in developing and consolidating rel-ations between the two countries.

Crown Prince congratulates

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Thursday sent a cable to the Emir of Bahrain Sheikh Isa Ibn Salman Al Khalifah, in his own name and on behalf of the Jordanian people and government, congratulating him on the anniversary of the independence of his country. Prince Hassan wished further progress and prosperity for Bahrain and its people.

Awgaf Ministry regulates use of microphones in mosques

AMMAN (Petra) - The Ministry of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs issued a statement on Thursday on the use of microphones in mosques for calling people to prayers and for Friday sermons.

The statement said the ministry issued instructions on the use of microphones throughout the mosques of the country following complaints made by citizens either because of failure to use the microphones or over-using them, thereby annoying ailing people and children.

The statement said complaints were submitted to the ministry vis-a-vis mosques which are close to one another such as the Jabal Al Tajj and Jabal Al Hussem mosques as well as the mosques of Sweileh and Jerasb.

Hotels Corporation gets JD 6m loan

AMMAN (Petra) - A loan agreement amounting to JD 6 million was signed Thursday between the Jordan Hotels and Resthouses Corporation (JHRC) on the one hand and the Jordan Securities Corporation, the Arab Financial Corporation, and the Arab Inv-

estment Bank on the other. JHRC Board of Directors Chairman Ma'an Abu Nowar signed the agreement for the JHRC and the general managers of the banks and companies concerned signed for

their banks and companies.

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Badran briefs NCC committee on Jordanian-Palestinian talks

AMMAN (Petra) - Prime Minister Mudar Badran attended a meeting of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the National Compilative Council (NCC) held Thursday. The prime minister briefed the committee members on the results of recent meetings of the joint Higher Jordanian-Palestinian committee.

Mr. Badran said the talks were centred on the principles and future Jordanian-Palestinian relations and a joint political strategy on international levels and that the Jordanian and Palestinian sides have agreed to continue political action together proceeding from the commitment to the Fez Arab summit conference resolutions within the framework of joint Arab action. They also agreed that the joint committee should continue its work. Mr. Badran added

Mr. Badran said the talks were 'fruitful and constructive and were conducted in an atmosphere of honesty, responsibility and fra-

The NCC meeting was attended by council Speaker Suleiman

Radio Jordan chief addresses **Arab Broadcasting Union**

adcasting in the Arab World, organised by the Arab Broadcasting Union (ABU) continued its ses-,

sions here Thursday. Participants in the seminar heard a study presented by Radio Jordan Director-General Nasouh Al Majali on the experience of

Radio Jordan. Mr. Majali explained the general climate under which the Jordanian broadcasting service operates, and general trends in its programmes "which are concentrated on increasing the information standard of the citizens and building their national sense of belonging in view of Jordan's role as a frontline state with Israel." He also explained Radio Jordan's mission of "enhancing

TUNIS (Petra) — A seminar on our spiritual heritage and ass-the present and future of bro-uming a pioneering role in expuming a pioneering role in explaining economic and social dev

Mr. Majali said Radio Jordan, in cooperation with the Ministry of Education, is broadcasting educational programmes to students in the Israeli-occupied territories to "foil Israel's plans of falsifying

the curricula." The director of the Voice of Palestine radio also spoke in the session and reviewed experiences of the radio and its role during the Israeli Invasion of Lebanon last June and the circumstances under which it was operating during the invasion. He said the radio's programmes are devoted to serving the Palestinian cause since it is the central issue of the Arab Nation.

Tunis meeting to discuss Palestinian cultural heritage

AMMAN (Peira) - The president of the Royal Academy for Islamic Civilisation Research (Al Al-Beit Foundation), Nasseruddin Al Assad left Amman Thursday for Tunis as a personal representative of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, to attend the meeongs of the international society for the Palestine, and to take and preservation of Palestinian cultural heritage.

posed to the Palestinian cultural ting.

heritage in the occupied Arab territories and Lebanon as a result of

the Israeli invasion. The agenda also includes a comprehensive plan to revive the Palestinian heritage, to assess and to take necessary action against losses and damages sustained caused by the Israeli occupation uf Palestine, and to take and to pub-

A large number of personalities om various parts of the world are meetings includes "the dangers expected to attend the Tunis mee-

Home and Garden club holds charity Christmas programme

AMMAN(J.T.) - The Home and resented their national dresses. Garden, a charitable and social club, held an "International Christmas" programme on Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel to raise funds for charity.

ended the programme. Some of the countries were represented through decorations they offered to display, pointing out ways and themes which they use in their istmas songs. own country for the occasion. Others presented a small talk about how the event is celebrated, traditions followed and from where they originated. A few rep-

With cakes, tea, and lottery going around, the high lights of the programme were: the Christmas carols sung by an American lady. Carol Amaya, and her acc-Wives of several umbassadors ompanying guitarist Cary Parker. to Jordan, and others from dip- and a performance by a Scalomatic mission, as well as guests ndinavian group, a few women of the club, contributed to and att- and a couple of children, with the lights out walked through the tah-

> The proceeds of the event. which attracted 45(t ladies, will go to the House of Peace in Amman. founded by Mother Theresa for the aged.

> les, all dressed in white, and cur-

rying lit candles, singing Santa

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> Khaled Boseiso Managing Director



By James Forrester Reuter

LONDON - Beggar's Opera might be an apt, if rather cruel, title for London's Royal Opera House in Covent Garden as it celsuccessful productions. ehrates 250 years of live performances on its city-centre site

December 7 was the 250th anniversary not of the Royal Opera hut of the opening of the first theatre on the site now occupied by the Opera House.

this week.

It was opened by John Rich, whose association with John Gay, author of The Beggar's Opera, gave rise to the quip that the work

"made rich gay and Gay rich." Though not the first work to be staged in the theatre. The Beggar's Opera was one of the early

The present-day Royal Opera would no doubt welcome some of that early commercial success. Today it faces a financially troubled future that forces it to beg for assistance from both goveroment and husiness sources and threatens its reputation as one of

the world's great opera houses. Indeed the Royal Opera's crisis is so grave that some sources close to the Covent Garden adm-

inistration have even talked of possible hankruptcy.

Financial stringencies have already forced the Royal Opera House to cut new productions this season to two from a projected four. According to board chairman Sir Claus Moser this is inadequate to maintain Covent Garden's place among the world's top

Sir Claus said in his annual report last month that box office takings had fallen 10 per cent below target, leaving the Opera House £300,000 (\$486,000) below budget. He said increased seat prices

and the economic recession cau- duction than we do," he said. sed the shortfall.

The economic recession has also caused a fall-off in private sponsorship of Covent Garden productions. This forced the cancellation of the two proposed new.

"So depressed a level of new productions is simply not campatible with the survival of Covent Garden as one of the world's great houses," Sir Claus said.

"Four other major houses in Europe, Vienna, Milan, Munich and Paris, spend on average two and a half times more per pro-

More than half of last year's total income came from government grants, with donations

bringing in just over one million sterling (\$1,600,000). Ironically, the Royal Opera's own success at fund raising and the increasing strength of regional opera companies in Britain may

Earlier this year, the Prince of Wales opened a new extension to the Opera House, which provided much improved and very nec-

share part of the blame for the

current financial crisis.

essary rehearsal facilities and dressing rooms for the artists appearing there.

The extension was the result of a development appeal lannched some years ago. By July, when Prince Charles opened the extension, the amount raised and promised had reached £9,530,000 (almost \$16 million) -- just short of the final target.

There is no doubt that this fund-raising success in a time of recession has affected the Royal Opera's ability to raise business sponsorship for new productions.

Beggar's Opera marks 250 years of live performances at Covent Garden come to the fore in supporting regional opera companies in Britain. London's other permanent. opera company, the English Nat-

ional Opera at the Coliseum the-

atre, has not been affected by fin-

ancial cutbacks to the same extent.

Its growing success in achieving

business sponsorship is und-

oubtedly partly at the expense of its more famous rival half a mile

And while the Royal Opera has

had to cut back on new pro-

ductions, the English National.

whose productions are always in

English, has at least five in the cur-

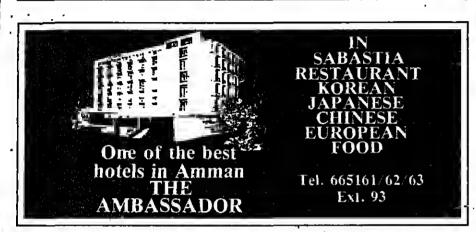
Business interests have also

rent season.

One, the recently-established Opera North, has a higher proportion of new productions than the others though only the Glasgow-based Scottish opera has had to cut hack to anything like the same extent as the Royal

Scottish Opera has three new productions in the current season. The Cardiff-based Welsh Opera, which has pursued a highly individual and artistically successful line since its foundation has five and is perhaps the most successful of all the regional companies in obtaining financial support from business sources.

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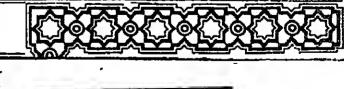
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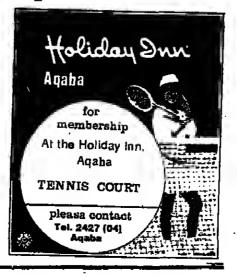


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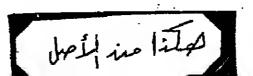
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Where it matters most

SOME American officials, congressmen and commentators seem to have already lost sight of the long-range goals of King Husseio's plaaned talks with U.S. President Ronald Reagan in Washington on Tuesday. Several have eren suggesting that the main discussion between the two leaders coold only focus oo selling arms to Jordan in exchange for a Jordanian participation in the "autonomy" talks over the West Bank and Gaza. Others have canciuded for themselves that the U.S. would be able to solve the entire Middle East problem if the King, with a measure of American pressure, were made to accept Israeli terms on behalf of the Palestinians.

Like most people in the U.S. and elsewbere, we, in Jordan, attach great significance to Tuesday's talks as an important step towards progress in solving the Arab-Israeli conflict, especially after the agreement here in Amman between Jurdan and the PLO to go it together in seeking a just and honourable peace set-Hement for the area. Also like many Americans, we feel it may be too early yet to expect a dramatic breakthrough emerging from the Weshington talks.

Congressmen and New York com-

meotators can perhaps afford to lose sight of the real issues without risking their seats or spots on Capitol Hill or in Wall Street, or pretend not to know in the first place. The Reagan admioistratioo, however, cannot ignore the facts because neither pressure nor withholding arms from Jordan ever preseoted the U.S. with the right answer to the Middle East. To this end, we welcome Presidential Counselor Edwin Meese's statement oo Thursday that the U.S. will support the sale of arms to Jordan without any condition that King Hussein join talks with Israel, Egypt and the U.S. on Palestinian self-rule, the Camp David-Begio style.

Jordan and the PLO and all Arabs have proved their seriousness in wanting to give peace a good chance, be it through the Reagan proposals or the Arah plan for peace or both: The Arah mission's talks in Washingtoo in November, and now King Hussein's current visit to the U.S., are but solid evidence of our desire to achieve lasting peace, and the Americans know it. It is now high time that America should focus all attention, and show the world, on what itself can do.

JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Why U.S. lays responsibility on Jordan's shoulders?

It is natural that the American press and mass media demonstrate great interest in the expected talks between His Majesty King Hussein and President Reagan.

The stress on the Jordanian role in making President Reugan's initiative a success does not lack exaggeration; moreover, it sort of predetermines whose responsibility it would be if the Israeli side remains passive and keeps creating obstacles in the path of implementing U.S. peace proposals.

Jordan has repeatedly expressed understanding of the positive aspects in the initiative but it is quite ohvious that Israel expressed rejection of all such positive aspects ever since the plan's proclamation. Nevertheless, U.S. aid to israel clearly demonstrated that the U.S. government was ready to exert no pressure on Israeli to guarantee a positive Isrueli attitude towards the American peace proposals.

Al Dustour: Begin's transparent pretences aim at U.S.

ismeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin reiterated ideas before the thirtieth Zionist conference that introduce no new information to the Arab citizen, but it is quite obvious that they are directed somewhere else, namely Washington, and the Reagan initiative.

Begin talked about a Palestine that has not been populated for thousands of years, and remained vacant awaiting the arrival of the Zionist invaders. a pretext that should only make twentieth-century human beings question its sanity.

The reiteration of such views is obviously an unpression of long-propagated demagogy that can no longer mislead world public opinion that has now become fully aware of the terrorist nature of Zionist trends, and the anti-peace essence of its practices, on the one hand, and the just cause of the Palestinian people, and their legitimate his-torical rights in their homeland occupied by the Israelis on the other.

Holding Jordan responsible for the outcome of the American peace efforts in the Middle East simply lays others' responsibilities on Jordan's

The awaited talks between the King and President Reagan is certainly of primary significance as far as Middle East political developments are concerned, but it is also obvious that the Jordanian stand will be completely expressive of the common Arab stand arrived at in Fez. The liberation of the occupied Palestinian territories, and restonation of raiestinian rights will be the main directive behind all the tireless effort made stand will help promote peace chances in the region, and render it possible to remove obstacles laid by Israel in the way to a just and durable peace in

Begin's attitude is simply directed against the U.S. administration's peace proposals. While the Reagan initiative called for a freeze on Israeli settlement policies. Begin is rejecting any talk of the demographic question regarding the occupied Arab territories.

The extreme trends that have developed as a result of a paranoic military position, mainly nourished by unrestricted U.S. military and economic support, can only he checked by a serious American stand, and readiness to exert enough pressure on Israel to put things in their natural course. leading to a negotiated settlement to the Middle

The only possible way for opening new avenues for peace in the region is through pressing Israel into giving up extremist attitudes, and saving the world the dangers of an explosive situation in area, as significant to world peace and interests as the Middle East.

Andropov appears to move cautiously in foreign policy

First big changes are likely to come in the domestic sphere

By Richard Balmforth

MOSCOW - After a month in power, Soviet Communist Party chief Yuri Andropov appears to be moving cautiously in foreign policy, bul has served notice that a tough line is to he pursued over the domestic economy. Mr. Andropov, 68, has confounded those Kremlin-watchers who predicted sudden changes in foreign policy and a shake-up in the power structure.

Leadership changes since his election on Nov. 12 have been intriguing hut modest. No new initiatives have been announced in foreign policy. A placid calm has returned to the surface, at least, of Kremlin politics. Privately, Soviet officials have told diplomats that there will be no swerves in foreign policy and, rhetoric apart, Moscow still wants productive arms talks with Washington.

The new leadership instead has suggested that the first big changes are likely to come in the domestic sphere. It is there that Mr. Andropov has called for rapid improvements in economic performance, and where be has warned that the cost of such improvements may be a country-wide purge of local managers who are

simply not up to their jobs. Mr. Andropov set a turnround in the stagnating economy as a priority target in his first hig speech to the party leadership last month after his predecessor Leonid Brezhnev's funeral. He sharply criticised "inertia and adherence to old ways," spoke of managers who " just do not know how to set about doing their joh" and expressed particular concern over low labour productivity. He clearly had his sights on eco-.nomic managers who enjoyed job security despite incompetence

under the long, benign rule of Mr. Brezhnev. The fact that these days are over and job security must be merited has now been spelled out by republican party chiefs in a series of provincial party leadership

Scathing comments by Georgian party chief Eduard Shevarnadze at a party central committee session in his republic this month were typical of those made at meetings throughout the country. Mr. Shevarnadze named a score of officials in government, state and party institutions in Georgia who he said had to bear full responsibility for grave sho-

ricomings in their departments. So far, no purges of officials have been unleashed and only a

few beads have rolled. But one Western diplomat who met a member of the ruling senior Polithuro recently said the new leadership's watchword was "accountability". Economic managers would be held accountable for performance, and industrial and agricultural goals would be strictly adhered to, he said.

Another diplomat commented: "The logical conclusion is that if the economy does not show a turnaround then there is going to be a massive discarding of 'dead wood' from the works." A key figure in all this appears to be Geidar Aliyev, 59, a suave, tough-talking protege of Mr. Andropov who was promoted to full Polithuro member and first deputy prime minister. Mr. Aliyev, a former security police chief, achieved economic recovery in Soviel Azerbaijan as party boss after an extensive crackdown oo corruption. He is publicly a great advocate of hard work, discipline and "socialist legality" and appears to have been brought into the leadership to crack the whip to fulfil plan tar-

At his farewell address to the Azerbaijan party leadership, Mr. Aliyev reviewed results of his 13-year rule in the republic and added: "this inspires me to active work in my new field." A fresh pomter to the new line came yesterday with publication of an unusual account of a meeting by the ruling party Politburo.

The Communist Party daily Pravda said the Politburo had called for tougher action in the 14 republics against crime and corruption in reply to written complaints from the public.

As well underwriting the anticorruption theme, the new leadership seemed to be directly attempting to assure Soviet citizens that their grievances would not go unheeded. Further hints on the way Mr. Andropov inteods to move the country may come later this mouth on the 60th anniversary of the USSR's formation wheo he is expected to make a major address. Since the transition of power, the main tangible difference between the Brezhnev era and the early days of Mr. Andropov's rule has been one of style.

During Mr. Brezhnev's lifetime. the state-controlled mass media provided reports of even the most trivial ceremonial event in which he participated to a point that fell. only just short of a personality cult. Mr. Brezhnev's love of protocol and ceremonial meant his picture was seldom absent from

Soviet newspapers or TV screens. By contrast, Mr. Andropov is positively self-effacing and appears to have a positive dislike for ceremonial occasions. He has shunned gratuitous Kremlin ritual. hut, at the same time, has shown he is prepared to play an active role in the formulation of

Wheo an Arah league del-

have been out of the question for Mr. Brezhnev in his latter, ailing vears. The exact amount of authority Mr. Andropov wields among his peers in the leadership is largely a matter of guesswork. One possible clue suggesting be does not have the total confidence of all his Polithuro collegues was his failure to succeed Mr. Brezhnev to his secondary post of

assuming too much power too qui-By becoming a member of the

head of state. Many diplomats saw

this as a sign of resistance among

the politburo to Mr. Andropov

Supreme Soviet Praesidium he has

egation visited Moscow, he had moved towards assuming the post direct talks with King Hussein of which at the moment is vacant Jordan and six Arab foreign min- Two main figures who have emeisters -- something which would rged as apparently close allies of Mr. Andropov are Defence Minister Dmitry Ustinov, 74, and Foreien Minister Andrei Gromyko. 73, while a question hangs over his relations with Politburo colleague Koostantin Chemenko, 71

Mr. Chernenko, a former close Brezhnev aide and one of the powerful Central Committee secretaries, lost the race for the top Kremlin joh. There have been signs that the two men hold quite different views on style of leadership. It is unknown if these tensions have been resolved though Mr. Chemenko has recently moved back into the sidelines of power.

LETTERS

Equity before the law

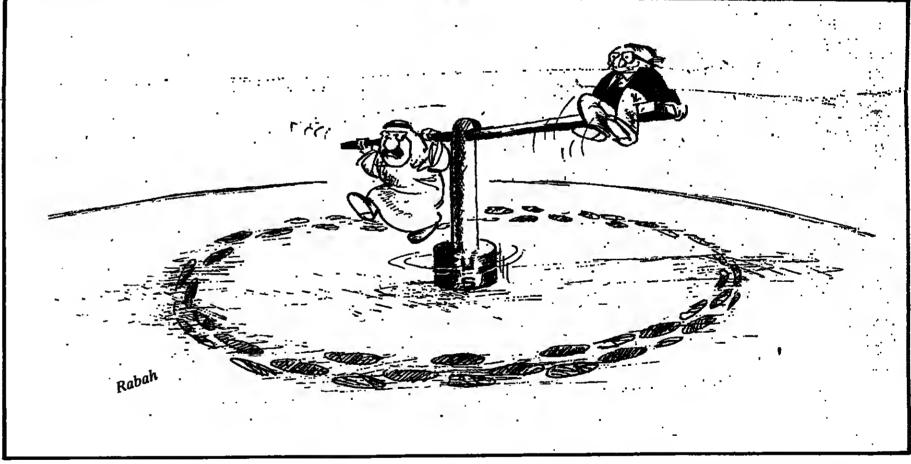
To the Editor, .

I would like to complain about a very unpleasant incident which occurred when I was passing through Jerash at 15:30 on Friday December 10. I was stopped by a policeman because of overcrowdedoess in my car. We, two comrades and I, were sitting in my Toyota Pick Up. I did not know that three persons including the driver in this car could be wrong. Anyway, I paid JD 3 for

violation of traffic rules. The most intriguing thing however, was that the police caught only foreigners and ignored all Arabic crowded veh-

On my way bome, I tried to forget this, hut decided to appeal to the authorities for equity before law to everyone and unfairness to none.

> Ann Seong Mo Hanbo Geoeral Construction Co. Ltd. Amman Branch office (Wadi Arab Dam) P.O. Box 9410 Amman



In spite of unprecedented civilian unrest in Argentina

Military government refuses to see

any grounds for increasing unpopularity

By Jane Klima

BUENOS AIRES - A week of unprecedented civilian unrest in Argentina has ended with the military government refusing to recognise any grounds for its own increasing unpopularity. The last eeven days have seen a general strike which paralysed the country, a iense 24-hour "march of resistance" by human rights groups, a mass political rally in central Buenos Aires and dramatic protests by veterans of the Falklands (Malvinus) war at a ceremony in their honour.

Civilian leaders have warned the military that their credibility is exhausted and that elections promised for late 1983 should he brought forward. But the sevenyear-old government, accused by the political parties of bankrupting the country, violating human rights, condoning widespread corruption and irresponsibly waging a disastrous war with Britain, has blamed the protests on small groups of agi-

Following the work stoppage. on Dec 6 he only official comrom Interior Minister

manni Reston who said union demands for economic policy cha-. nges, a speedy return to democracy and the lifting of trade union activity restrictions did not come under his portfolio. The day after the union protest.

30,000 Radical Party supporters marched through streets of the capital clamouring for an end to. military dictatorship and demanding" the firing-squad for all the military who sold out the nat-

At a rally the same day, Raul Alfonsin, a centre-left leader seeking the presidency, called for the creation of a national movement to fight "not only for the military to get out out for them never to rctum." Roars of approval greeted his criticisms of "the Malvinas adventure." reflecting the continuing public frustration with the armed forces six months after they surrendered the islands they had occupied for only 74 days.

War conscripts' accusations/of cruelty, negligence, cowardice and lack of organisation by some of their officers exploded last weekend in a dramatic protest at a medal-awarding ceremony near Buenos Aires. Evewitnesses said about 300 veterans lay down and banged their fists on the ground, encouraged by watching relatives and neighbours and even by some soldiers currently doing military members of the armed forces who

service. The army high command committed what the sources terblamed the incidents, which inc- med "excesses during the camluded the chanting of anti-military paign." The majority parties have slogans, on small politicallyinspired groups.

down the "march of resistance" organised by relatives and friends of between 6,000 and 30,000 people who disappeared during the military's anti-guerrilla crackdown in the late 1970s. A televised police communique after the vigil ended on Friday said "some mothers and gra-ndmothers, of the lerrorists of the past" took part in the demonstration, which had been mainly attended by marginal subversive

The issue of the "disappeared" is the thorniest of a number which the military are seeking to negotiate with the political parties before ceding power. Political sources said the government was preparing a package of measures which would include an admission that some innocent people weremistreated or killed in the antiguerrilla campaign.

But at the same time, an amn-

esty would be declared for all

March of resistance Federal police similarly played

But following the discovery of hundreds of unmarked graves throughout the country, the press has hegun to sharpen its previously oblique references to the so-called "dirty war" and its "excesses."

kept a low profile on the subject of

the missing people despite mou-

nting pressure from human rights

Last week, political columnist Luis Gregorich of the popular sat-irical magazine 'Humor' dared the parties to say publicly "what the whole country knows, the open secret that can no longer he silenced: The immense majority of the disappeared were executed on the orders of the military authorities and their bodies were concealed or destroyed by various means. Many innocent people were among the dead. The policy of extermination was wrong and

Up to 250,000 people are expected to take part Thursday in a mass march to press for an unconditional return to democracy, called by the five parties which won most votes in the last elections in 1973.

The war and the Beirut massacre have heightened political awareness and militancy of Arab youth,

Shifts in an uneasy relationship

By Galina Vromen

NEVE SHALOM, Israel -- Israel's invasioo of Lebanoo has cansed shifts in the uneasy relationship between the country's 3.3 million Jews and 600,000 Arabs.

Community workers say the war and the Beirul massacre of Palestinians have heightened the political awareness and militancy. of Arah youths. By cootrast the war has raised anew for Jews their failure to live peacefully in an Arab Middile East. There are signs that more Jews are now willing to return some Israelioccupied land to reach a settlemeot with the Palestinians.

While most Jews in Israel strongly oppose the establishmeot of a Palestinian state, there has been a shift in favour of giving up part of the West Bank and Gaza Strip. captured by Israel in 1967, according to recent opinion polls. One survey in the Jerusalem Post showed that 51.2 per cent now favoured giving up some Israeliheld land, compared to 38.5 per ceot hefore the Lehanoo war. Another poll in the Hebrew newspaper Haaretz also reported a softening in previous opposition to handing hack any territory.

Among those best placed to notice the changes are the handful of activists in both communities who run workshops for school-children in Arab-Jewish relations. They report that the difficulty they once had in attracting Jews to the small number of programmes in hi-cultural relations has disappeared while the high interest among

A new Jerusalem institute set up this year with private and government funds and scheduled to initiate Arab-Jewish programmes m six schools was besieged by requests from an additional 40 Jewish schools. The changes are also evideot at workshops conducted at Neve Shalom (oasis of peace), a unique rural community where 10 Arab and Jewish families live tog-

About 150 Arab and Jewish teenagers a month take part in the workshops, talking of their prejudices and asking each other tough political questions. The Arah kids express more

open suppri for terrorism than before," says Judy Wisch, a Jewish workshop leader. "They used to go so far as to say they would hide guerrilla. Now there is an attitude of: Jews kill Arabs, so why :show'do't Arabs kill Jews.' Amer Awhad, a 17-year-old

Arahs before the war has waned. homeland.

independence.

recent Neve Shalom workshop differed sharply from similar eocounters in the past with Jewish teenagers."The Jewish kids would always tell me: Forget about there ever being a Palestinian state, Israel would bomh it out of existence," Amer recalls. This time not single Jewish child in his group opposed the idea of a Palestinian

His own interest in the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) has been aroused by the war. " never read much about the PLO before. I wasn't that interested."

But the war made me realise the PLO has set things up almost as if they were a state. And the guemillas fought well — like in a war of

The changes in both communities have done little to make encounters easier, and a mixture of anger, fear and guilt often surfaces. "There are layers of fear in relations between Arabs and 'Jews. At times like these, the deep layers of tear are uncovered," exp-

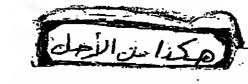
lains Sarah Kreimer. An American Jew, Miss Kreimer has spent the past two years living in the Galilee Arah villageof Tamra as part of "interns for peace," a privately funded group that promotes relations between

Arah high school student, says a the two communities. She said a programme between youth in Tamra and a oearby Jewish township was almost sabotaged by the fears of a Jewish schoolmistress wheo the outlawed Palestinian flag was raised in Tamra during a day of mourning over the Beirut

Miss Kreimer and two other Jewish volunteers in the village were afraid to go out on the streets during the day of mourning declared after the massacre. Many Israeli Arabs lost relatives in the September killings and an Israeli judicial investigation has been hearing testimony to determine Israel's role in the massacre.

The volunteers stayed at home in the village in solidarity with grieving Israeli Arabs, hut only after being assured by the local village council that they would not be

"The personal relations we have with some of the villagers have held up, but people who did not know us were suddenly terribly suspicious, woodering whether we were spies," she said. The volunteers have since allayed most suspicions, but weeks later, she asked this reporter to put away a note pad while speaking in an olive field



China: Care of old may reduce births

By Penny Kane

Jiangwen Commune, in the suburbs of Shanghai, is far from typical of China's rural organisation. For one thing, Shanghai is (comparatively) rich: incomes there are 30 per cent above the Chinese average. For another, only half its 10,000 labour force is involved in agriculture: in the production of the vegetables and pigs, chickens and ducks that Jiangwen sells to the city. The remainder works in its 14 factories, producing anything from woollens to aluminium rubes, or in private production. There is free schooling, universal to junior middle-school level, and just under half the children are able to go on to senior middle school. A few have even gone to university. A collective medical insurance scheme means virtually free medical care.

Pension scheme

Most remarkable of all, the commune operates a pension scheme for the old. First undertaken piecemeal by a few brigades, the scheme was discussed by commune members in 1978; they decided they now had enough money to offer pensions to all (spurred on by the fact that the factory workers already received a pension equal to 60 per cent salary, so that the peasants were seen as losing out). There are 1,400 farmers today who have retired at 65 with allowances of from 16-20 vuan (\$8-\$10) a month, free medical treatment and occasional

treats, such as a day out at the undertaking studies, and even neighbouring beauty spot of

The pensions are still very low: less than B third of wbBt the most junior factory worker would get. Nevertheless, they are a first step towards a national goal which would not only revolutionise liv-, ing standards for the old, but have a considerable effect on China's family planning programme.

"People want a son to guarantee their old age, and to prevent suffering", said Mr. Xu, the deputy director of the commune. He believes that the introduction of pensions has had B significant effect on the desire for children--especially boys--for one's old age.
Throughout the country, those

involved in family planning agree. Their views are backed, to B certain extent, by a survey undertaken a couple of years ago on why people in China want children: half those questioned said it was for their old age, rather than for manpower, or the family's succession, or for other reasons. But, even a year ago, the idea of pensions for all was rejected out of hand by policy-makers at all levels. The money, they said, just was not there. Today, pensions have assumed a new importance and the questions, among top policy-makers at least, are about

how to achieve old-age security. Should the state take the unprecedented step of intervening directly, setting up an insurance fund to which all individuals as well as the state would contribute? The People's Bank is already

small-scale experiments, to judge the feasibility of this option. Alternatively, should the state merely encourage communes to give local pension schemes priority, thus strengthening the economic basis of the collective. on which the whole Chinese system is based? In the latter case, some state intervention would probably be necessary anyhow, to supplement welfare funds in the poorest areas, to provide old people's homes for those without children, for example. A recent conference in Anhui, sponsored jointly by the Ministry of Civil Affairs and the Family Planning Commission, focussed entirely on local experiences of providing care-particularly homes--for the

Birth rate

The increasing importance of the pensions issue reflects both China's concern with keeping its growth rate low enough to ensure that only another 200 million people are added to its population by the end of the century, and the un provement in personal incomes over the past two or three years. Recent economic policies designed to encourage individual initiative and reward individual effort and those aimed at increasing the provision of consumer goods, bave led to noticeable

increases in production. Among the measures which have achieved this has been the introduction of the "responsibility system" in agriculture. There is

system is applied locally, but essentially it marks a change from B division of labour within a brigade or team whose members shared workpoints (and therefore income) for each phase of the work, to one in which the commune makes contracts with groups of its members for the year. Sometimes these contracts are made with a work team; in other areas they are made with individual families. The contract specifies the quota to be produced; any production above that quota results in a profit which is split between the producers and the commune's

Two drawbacks

welfare fund.

There are two possible drawbacks here for the family planning policy. The first is that, especially when the responsibility contract is with a single family, the more members that family has, the easier it is 10 fulfil its quota and to earn extra income. Some communes have tried to get round this problem by linking, for example, the agricultural production contract with the family's reprnductive plans and giving a bonus for the joint fulfilment of the two.

Others emphasise to the peasants that low productivity can only be solved, in the long run, by increased mechanisation—that the need is not for more hands, but for more modernisation, which can only come from savings which the growth rate imperils. But whatever the solution, there is no doubt that this aspect of the new

sscrossed from ceiling to floor with

humming belts powering crude

turned. He polishes, stacks, fet-

ches and occasionally gets to run

He is not related to the wor-

kshop boss, so he is not allowed,

like the boss's relatives, to sleep in

the palace at night. And his salary

gives him a cruel choice between

buying something to eat or place

to sleep. Aziz, who has no family

of his own, regularly choses food.

Dacca's "street-sicipally army of

bodies, sprawled loosely across

the pavements under the garish

cinema posters, make parts of the

city look as if it had just suffered a

poison gas attack. Families bed

down on streets together, and chi-

one of the machines.

lathes on which metal pots are-

considerable variation in how the economic system has put new pressures on the family planning programme.

> tem has put pressures on the commune's welfare funds. Its members are asked to decide on how much of their earnings will be regarded as resulting from extra work, and how much of these personal earnings will be sacrificed for the common good. In the long run, this could mean that welfare funds are depleted to the point where basic health care-the very foundation of successful family planning--is threatened, along with funds for family planning provision, for incentives for the one-child family, and for care of the old.

> Any such decrease in the conible economic policies designed to

More problematical is the contribution of other "sideline" activities. This blanket term covers anything from the growth and sale of vegetables in peasants' private plots to handicrafts and other

Unemployment

Secondly, the responsibility sys-

tributions of peasants is currently being met by the increased commune investment in small factories, whose profits are usually fed into the welfare fund. These small factories have absorbed a considerable amount of surplus labour, including female and sea-sonal workers. Typical is Wuqui Brigade, Xindu commune in Sichuan, with a carpenters' team, a housebuilding team, a bicycle repair shop, watch repairers, a restaurnat, a tannery and a shoe factory. Increased investment here is another result of more flex-

ensure increased food supplies, the state has been encouraging the boost production and income. expansion of private plots. The growth of incomes from these privale sectors, though, poses a further difficulty in the pursuit of the one-child family policy, since it is obvious again that more peo-

Looking after grandparents in China has traditionally been a family matter home-based occupations. To ple in the family will result in more hands for private income-

> Some communes have responded by refusing to allocate any land for the second or third child: others are imposing fines of various types to reduce the profitability of the extra child. But in

Yunan the policy-maliere trace found that the richer the time of are, the less they are concerned about penalties for the extra chilia. whilst in Anhura survey suggests. that the poorest families very least responsive to incentive consingle child.



generating activities.

Bangladesh: Palace poverty

By Lloyd Timberlake

DACCA - Most European children would regard 10-year-old 'Aziz Ahmed as a very lucky boy. He spends his days in a palace, and he earns his own money.

But Aziz's palace, the massive red Ahsan Manjil which dom-

gone to seed since it was the grandest structure in the region. Ninety years ago British aristocracy stayed there; and from there the Nawab Sir Sallimullah, Knight Commander of the British Empire, ruled the surrounding area from a golden throne. But the

inates the riverfront of Dacca, has 1958 the government of Pakistan abolished the Nawab's powers and divided the palace among 1,500 relatives, who rent rooms out as workshops.

So Aziz's share of the onceglorious palace, whose innards now resemble a 19th Century workhouse, is a small room cri-

ldren like Aziz huddle together for warmth under jute sacking. During the monsoons the street-sleepers are even more all of his friends are getting. Only prone than usually to all of the water-related diseases: from malaria to the diarrhoeas, dysenteries and cholera caused by bad drinking water when the floods mix the city water system with sewage. Tuberculosis, pneumonia and inf-luenza also threaten the urban poor who live outside. A sick orphan is unlikely to get much help

from the government, as Ban-

gladesh spends only about 10

cents per person per year on hea-

But in a strange way the European child's first reaction to Aziz's palace and job is correct; he is one of the lucky ones. Bangladesh is a rural nation, with 90% of its people living in the countryside. But over half of the peasants lack their own land and work the land of others. Unemployment - a term almost impossibe to define in a rural nation -- is estimated at around 50%, with tremendous seasonal variation. The average annual income in Bangladesh is only about \$100.

So not only is Aziz fortunate to have a job -- unlike thousands of to support -- but his wage is not paltry by national standards. Competition for jobs in Dacca is fierce; but, being a child, Aziz can be paid less than a man, and the workship boss can afford to hire

And it is not as if Aziz were missing out on the schooling that about 20% of the national population can read and write. But despite his hard work, Aziz is not learning any valuable skills. Few of the working children of Bangladesh can be described as "apprentices"; most do jobs which in the West are done by simple mac-

All over Dacca, in virtually every tiny workshop and factory into which a visitor cares to peer, there are children doing the work of adults. In one of the palace jobs.



Aziz |second from left) polishes a newly-turned cup

workshops small boys screw together and polish toy metal cars which will be pedalled by the chi-Idren of the rich. Others spia cloth for elaborate sarees.

Bangladesh is poor in almost everything except children. Today 43% of its population -- about 38 | working in workshops. The main million souls -- are under the age of 15. United Nations figures indicate that in 1975 out of every 1,000 people in Bangladesh, 42 children under the age of 14 held

But these statistics are obv- tistics refer to the "economicality iously far too low, given the fact that everywhere a visitor turns small children are rowing ferryboats, planting rice, tending water buffaloes, pedalling rickshaws, serving in teashops and reason always offered for the poor performance of family planning schemes in this chronically overpopulated nation is that parents

active population, employed, 10 years of age and over." Idwide, some 75 million children work, increasing the chances or

survival of their entire families. With Bangladesh's population now doubling every 27 years, the growing number of children like Aziz will have to work to five. Bu. few of them will be lucky enough to work in a palace.

-- Larth god

TV & RADIO

The Ahsan Manjil Palace in Dacca, now an industrial ghetto

JORDAN TELEVISION

MAIN CHANNEL ... Cartoons Local Children's Programme
Move in on
Local Programme Agricultural Programme
News in Arabic 98:39 19:00 11:00 Arabic Series Arabic Play
... News in Arabic

.. Arabic Play Cont.

FOREIGN CHANNEL

Ac., 111	
40500	French Programme
87:80	News in French
87.20	
07:38	News in Hebrew
05:30	Comedy: Man About the House
FT-60	Donners and de Lie
19:30	Saturday Variety Show
10:00	Saturday Variety Show
16:15	Feature Film:
	Class of '63
	67:39 68:39 69:69 99:36 10:60 16:15

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW

MOTHER Show
News Rulletin
News Summers
News Summary
Pop Session
News Bulletin
Picnic Time
Concert Hour
News Summary
lostrumentals
Jordan Weekly
Special Feature
News Sommary
Special Feature
Great Books of Islam
Newsdesk
Top Twenty
Top I wenty
Date with a Star
Chasical Concert
News Summary
That Spin
News Summary
Country Music
Name I'm County Misse

BBC WORLD SERVICE

66:09 Newsdesk 66:30 Jazz Workshop
06:45 Financial News 6:55 Reflections
07:00 World News 97:09 British Press
Review 07:15 About Britain 07:30 New
Ideas 07:40 Book Choice 07:45 The
World Today 66:09 Newsdesk 68:30
Album Time 09:00 World News 09:09
News about Britain 09:15 From the
Woeklies 09:30 Classical Record Review 69:45 Network U.K. 10:00 World
News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Star Prorile 10:30 The Goon Show 11:00 World
News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15
The World Today 11:30 Financial News
11:46 Look Abead 11:45 Science in Action 12:15 What's New 12:30 Just a Min-11:40 Look Aberd 11:45 Science in Action 12:15 What's New 12:30 Just a Minute 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 About Britain 13:15 About Britain 13:10 Meridian 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Anything Goos 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 Commentary 15:15 Network U.K. 15:30 The Midwich Cuckoos 16:00 They Write the Songs 16:30 Fiesta 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Saturday Special 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Saturday Special 19:00 World News 19:00 News 18:15 Sanurday Special 19:00 News Summary 19:02 Saturday Special 19:09 Book Choice 19:15 The Magic of... 19:45 Sports Round-Up 20:00 World News 20:09 News About Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde 21:30 Album Time 22:00 World News 22:09 Commentary 22:15 Good Books 22:39 Nation to Nation 23:15 Staying On 23:39 People and Politics 24:89 World News 24:89 From Our Own Correspondent 80:30 New Ideas 80:40 Reflections 00:45 Sports Round-

VOICE OF AMERICA

up 61:00 World News 91:00 Com-

1260, 7205, 11925, 15205 25:00 The Breakfast Show: 17:00 News os:00 The Breakfast Show: 17:00 News and This Week 17:30 Press Conference USA 18:00 Special English; News, Words, and Their Stories, Feature: Short Stories 18:30 New York, New York 19:00 Weekend 20:00 Special English 20:30 New York, New York 21:00 News and This Week 21:30 Press Conference USA 22:00 Special English; news/words and their stories 22:15 Music USA (Jazz) 23:00 Weekend

TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS "Architectural Week," at the Pro-essional Associations Complex.

Paintings by Recm Jack Khayyat at the Alia Art Gallery.

FILMS La Cite de L'Indecible Peur, a thriller (sub-titles in Arabic) at the French Cul-tural Centre at 7:30 p.m.

Danger On Oartmoor, children's film. at the British Council at 5:00 p.m.

Snow White and the Red Rose, a film for German-speaking children, at the Goethe Institute at 4:30 p.m.

• Oramatised readings of German children's stories (m Arabic) at the Haya Arts Centre at 4:00 p.m. Tickets 250 fils each from the Centre and the Goethe Institute. Theatre

CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre tel. 41520 British Council 36147-8 ish Cultural Centre.... Turkish Cultural Centre Haya Arts Centre 66S195 sein Youth City Y.W.C.A. Y.W.M.A.

mentary 01:15 Letterbox 61:39 Mer-MUSEUMS

Folkiore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Maseum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal's (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tresdays.

4.00 p.m.). Closed Tresdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countrieand a

WHAT'S GOING ON

collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128. Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revols of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

Naturalys, 1et. 064240, Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9,00 a.m. - 5,00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lious Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m.

Lious Pidladelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m.

Pidlad-bahla Rolary Club. Meetings Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m. 1:30 p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday
at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00 p.m.
Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman,

CHURCHES

Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261.

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabel Amman, tel. 24590. SL Joseph Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Amman, tel. 24590.
Church of the Annunciation (Roman
Catholic) Jabal Luweib-eh, 37440.
De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Hussein, 661757.
Church of the Annunciation (Greek
Orthodox) Abdali, 23541.
Augilean Church (Church of the Redcemen) Jabal Amman, 43453.
Ammenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh. Armenian Catholic Church Asbrafich,

Ashrafieh, 71751. . Ammun International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

PRAVED TIMES

an Orthodox Church Ashrafich,

	THE THEFT
05:03	Fajr
06:31	(Sunrise) Shuruq
11:32	
14:1 / 16:33	Machael
18:01	Maghreb

FOR THE TRAVELLER **AMMAN AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Alia information department at Amman Airport, tel. 92205-6, where it should alwavs be verified.

. Cairo (EA)

ARRIVALS

08:55	Aqaba (RJ)
09:15	Abu Ohabi (R.)
09:30	Jeddah (RJ)
09:35	Karachi, Oubai (RJ)
09:40	Ohahran [RJ]
09:45	Kowait (RJ)
10:15	Beirut (RJ)
10:50	Abu Obabi, Doha (GA)
11:05	Abu Obabi (5A)
14:00	Kuwait (KAC)
10:00	Belgrade, Istanbul RJ]
10:30	Cairo (RJ)
17.15	Frankfurt, Geneva (RJ)
17:13	New York, Vienna 1RJ1
19-05	Copenhagen, Athens (RJ)
10.93	
10:20	Athens (GA)
10530	Cairo (RJ)
19:30	Baghdad (IR)
20:30	Frankfurt, Lamaca (LH)
20-40	Beirut (MEA)
22:30	Baghdad (RJ)
00-30	Cairo (RJ)
00:30	Cairo (RO)
60:45	
	Baghdad (RJ)
01:43	

DEPARTURES

97:00	Agaba (1
07:45 Beirut,	Paris A
67:50	Cairo (E
08:45 Bei	
11:00 Vicuna, New	
11:15 Turnis, Casal	
11:15 Frankfurt, Br	russek (i
11:36 Al	hens (G
11:55 Athens, 2	Zarich (S
12:00 Paris, Lo	endon (l
12:30	Cairo (I
14:30	Cairo (F
15:39 Kuu	vait (KA
18:30 Ba	ghdad (F

...... Larnaca, Frankfurt (LH)

	Dona, Abu Onari (CA)
9:30	Jeddah RJ
0;00	Cairo (RJ)
	Baghdad RJ
11:30	Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)
	Baghdad (1R)
	Calo (EA)

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

It will be partly cloudy with a chance of scattered showers in the afternoon. Winds will be light and variable changing to southeasterly moderate. In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy with nor-

Low high temperature in deg.C.

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 12, Aqaba 20, Humidity rea-dings: Amman 58 per cent, Aqaba 35

MONEY EXCHANGE

Local sell buy rate	s in fils
Belgian franc	74.5
Omeh guilder 132.3	133.1
Egyptian guinea 329/	332.1
French franc 51.3/	51.6
kraqi dinar 598.3/	607.6
Italian lire (for (00) 25.2/	25.4
Japanese yen (for 1110) 145/	145.9
Kuwaiti dinar 1222.tv	1223
Lebanese lira 89.5.	90
Omani riyal 1029/	1031
Qalari riyal 97.5	98
Saudi riyal 1113.5/	103,5
Swedish crown 48.16	48.4
Swiss franc 170.5/	171.5
Syrian lira 62.2/	62.4
UAE dirham 96.7/	97.3
U.K. sterling pound 574.3/	577.7
U.S. dollar 355.5	357.5
W. German mark 145.5/	146.4

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

EMERGENCIES

want children to help with the

daily work. Bangladesh's own sta-

rstaid. fire, police	19
lood bank	7513
ivil Delence rescue	. 66111
re headquarters	
olice rescue 192, 2111	1, 3777
olice headquarters	391-
raffic police	
lectric Power Co	
unicipal water service	

HOSPITALS Hussein Medical Centre ... 813813-32

Khalidi Materoity. J. Amman	4428
Akleh Maternity, J. Amman	. 424
Jabal Amman Maternity	
Malhas, J. Amman	. 3n1
Palestine, Shmeisani 66	
Shmeisani Hospital to	
University Hospital	
Dar Al-Shifa. J. Hussein	
Al-Muasher Hospital 60	7777
The Islamic. Abdali	6657
Al-Abli, Abdali	
Lalian, Al-Muhajreen	77101
AJ-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh	751
Army, Marka	
•	

NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN Or, Abdul Aziz Abu Khalaf ... 22520;

DIL DEGUG AN EXPERIMENT NAV.
Nairoukh pharmacy 23672
Al Hikmah pharmacy 21571
Al Hikmah pharmics 21571 Al Mahanah pharmacs 55465
Al Shakhashu pharmacy or the
Al Hawamdeh photmacy (into:)
Taji
Karnak (axi on a a)
Nahda taxi
Ambassider Lad
Rainbow tavi
ZARON
ZARQA: Dr. Hisham Sharaban
M. Hamana abases and a
At riswouz pharmacy :
IRBID:
Dr. Mazen Alm forker - Tando Sano
Dr. Mazen Abu Bakr . Tando (a.c.) Al Shamal pharmacy
A Station Marinary
GENERAL.
Jordan Television 77114
Radio Jordan
Ministry of Tourism
Maral annual control

Hotel complaints

lordan and Middle East e ?

Repair service

Information

Dr. Daoud Al Samhouri

MARKET PRICES

Upperslower price in fils per kg.	Gartic
Apple (African)240 : 200	Grapes (white)
Apple (American)	Grapefroit
Apple (Double Red) 260 / 200	Guava
Apple (Golden)	Lemon (local)
Apple (Turkish) 270 / 220	Marrow [large]
Apple French] 300 / 260	Marrow (small)
Apple (Starken)	Olives 400 (300)
Banana 260 / 200	Onion (dry) 90 To
Sanona (Mukammar) 225 / 180	
Beans 300 / 250	Onion (green)
Seets	Oranges 276 200
Somali	Oranges (Mandarine)
Sabbage 120 / 1100	Oranges (shamoutit for 129
Эпо	Oranges (local) 32 (a)
auliflower (white) 210 · (80	Pepper (Sweet)
hestnuts 680 : 600	Pepper (Hot Green)
ocoaut	Polatoes
ucumber (large] 300/ 200	Spinach
Sucumber (small) 620 / 500	Quince 180 140
Dates	Tomatoes
ggplant (small) 180 / 140	Ternip (80 30

FIFA will keep 24-team format for World Cup

(FIFA) will stick by their ruling that 24 teams contest the World Cup finals. FIFA General-Secretary Joseph Blatter said.

Blatter said FIFA had no intentional of diluting the requirement, applied for the first time this year in Spain, extending the finals from 16 teams to 24.

He told Reuters in an interview on the eve of a series of FIFA meetings that the federation's exe- acity of 40,000 for first round cutive committee would deal with the timetable for designating the 1986 World Cup host country.

He confirmed that the United States, Canada, Mexico and Brazil had officially indicated their interest in staging the tournament following the withdrawal of Col-

Blatter said an examining commission would visit applicants who

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emational Football Federation FIFA requirements. ff only one country made such a declaration, a decision could be taken by the end of March. Otherwise the choice would be made at the next executive committee meeting in Stockholm on May 20, he said.

Blatter said the host country would be designated six years before the year of the finals. FIFA demands that the host nation build 12 stadiums with a minimum capmatches and stadiums with 80,000 capacity for the opening match and final rounds.

He said gate receipts for the 1982 World Cup finals in Spain totalled 40.059,000 Swiss francs (\$19.195.000)--10 per cent to FIFA, 25 per cent to Spain and 65 per cent shared among the final round qualifiers.

The executive committee is

ZURICH (R) - The Int- said they could conform with expected to approve an agreement between the International Olympic Committee (IOC) and FIFA officials on rules governing eligibility of players for the 1984 soccer Olympics.

The IOC is under increasing pressure from national sports associations to liberalise existing amaieur status regulations. The preliminary rounds for the 1984 tournament begin next month, before the next IOC executive committee, and they will be under the control and supervision of FIFA, Blatter said.

He said a two-year suspension on North Korea by the Asian Foo-Iball Confederation would come up for confirmation by the FIFA executive committee. The suspension was imposed after North Korean players and supporters altacked the referee in a recent Asian Games semifinal.

Face to Face with

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December

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intercept cutter takes away stray

REMINGTON MICRO SCREEN shaves as close as a blade.

MICRO SCREEN

Remington

Two of Europe's top teams. clash in English League

one's lop leams clash in the English first division on Saturday in what may well be a dress rehearsal for next May's European Soccer Cup final.

European Champions Aston Villa meet League Champions and current leaders Liverpool in a clash of titans at Villa Park. And if past results are anything to go by, Villa are due 10 win.

Victories in this fixture have alternated between the two sides--who line up in the quarterfinals of the European Cup in March, Liverpool against Poland's Widzew Lodz and Villa against Italy's Juventus--for the past six seasons.

And with Villa winning 2-1) two years ago and Liverpool winning the last encounter 3-tl, the Birmingham side are well aware it is their turn to take the honours.

They have skipper Dennis Mor-

their midfield. Mortimer missed last week's 2-1 defeat at Arsenal but played in Villa's 2-0 defeat by Penarol in the World Club Championship final in Tokyo last Sunday.

Liverpool will be without their England stalwart Phil Thompson. injured in last weekend's 3-1 win over Watford, but Mark Lawrenson is fit to return after a groin

Fourth-placed Villa have climbed steadily in recent weeks and could have gone top had they won at Arsenal last Tuesday. Liverpool head the table with 37 points, three clear of Manchester United in second place.

Luther Blissett, England's hat trick hero against Luxembourg on Wednesday night, is doubtful for Watford's first division match at home to Ipswich because of a gas-

Blissett needed four stitches in the injury, which occured during training Thursday, but he has not yet ruled himself out of the match. He will have a filness test before manager Graham Taylor names the team.

Second placed Manchester United, seeking their fifth successive win, are likely to be unchanged for the match at Swansea. Defender Gordon McQueen is their only doubt but seems certain to pass a fitness test on a back injury.

Northern Ireland goalkeeper Pat Jennings, who has settled his recent differences with Arsenal. returns to the side to play at Sunderland. He comes in hecause George Wood has a two-game suspension to start on December

England goalkeeper Peter Shi-Hon faces a late fitness test for Southampton's home game against West Bromwich Alhion.

TO LET

A furnished apartment at

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hot water.



Ramtha striker Al Zu bi chesting down the ball while being harassed by Al Faisally defence.

Ramtha retains League crown

AMMAN (J.T.) - Al Ramtha Football Club retained the League Championship on Friday by winning the Premier Division.

Ramtha's 2-I victory over Al Faisally Football Club at the Irbid municipal stadium, gave them a total of 28 points keeping them on top of the league leaving oo chance for other teams in the division to

catch them with the only remaining match of the season next week. Second placed, Al Wihdat Football Club with 25 points were held to a 2-2 draw by Ammao Football Club on Friday. Earlier io the seasoo Al Wihdat won the Jordanian Football Federation Cup and the Charity Shield, which used to play annually between the

Cup and League champions. Al Faisally had to he content with third place (24 points) this

week. The final standings (other thao the champions) will be decided next week at the close of the season.

Jordan wins Tae Kwan Do bronze medals AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordanian national team of Tac Kwan Do returned to Amman on Wednesday after representing Jordan in the Asian fifth tournament beld in Singapore from Dec. 6 to Dec. 11. The Jordanian team ranked the sixth in the tournament in which 17 countries participated. It was also awarded two bronze medals. The first medal was woo by Abdul Samad Al Qur'an who defeated players from Thailand and the Philippines, and the second medal was won by

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Khalil Aqil who woo against competitors from India and Pakistao.

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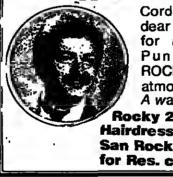




dear guests and friends for a small "Hawaiian Punch" cocktail at ROCKY 2000 in a cozy atmosphere at 3 p.m. A warm welcome for all!

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General Electronics Corp.

All items feature the highest professional quality at reasonable prices. If we do not have what you need, we can usually get it within a few days from our European suppliers. Nazir Had-dad, a multilingual qualified electronics engineer is always eager to assist you. Pay us a visit and meet Nazir.





24th December, 1982 LE RELAIS Christmas Eve in style with a special feative dinner with Christmas Carols.

AMRASSADORS

See Christmas Day in with our resident Band and a traditional Eve Dinner.

Hot Punch will be served after midnight.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS TO YOU ALL 25tb December, 1982

A Special Christmas Buffer Lunch with all the festive trimmings in our Baltroom Warm up for an enjoyable day with our sherry reception at noon. SPECIAL CHILDREN'S FILM SHOW & CARTOONS

DINNER AT THE RANCH AT 3.00 p.m. COME FOR THE FAMOUS TURKEY SHOOT.

AMRASSADORS

Vith a Tew hours of Christmas day teft, enjoy a fabulous dinner in the Ambassadight Club, with music and entertainment provided by our resident band and the cu

26th December, 1982 CHILDREN'S CHRISTMAS PARTY
3.00 p.m.
Santa Clause is staying on one extra day to give you avery special afternoon of fun and games. Cakes, Sweets, and Drinks and very Lucky dip.

31st December, 1982

NEW YEAR'S EVE
Welcome in the 1983 at the Holiday Inn. Wa will be bringing in the New Year in sayle with dinner dances cabaret and parties. AMBASSADORS

LE RELAIS
After a Champagne reception, enjoy a sumptuous six course dinner in elegant candleli

AMMAN BALLROOM
elebrate New Year's Eve in style with a superb buffer, Eve band and cabaret.
REGINA'S DISCOTHEQUE

New Year's Day 5.00 a.m. In the early hours of the year a superb Chause served in our Coffee Shop and Charchille Restaurant.

2.00 Noon start the Year with a magnificent Buffer in the AMMAN BALLROOM. CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR STALL as Log Cakes and New Year celebrativa Cakes are available on sale in the



Arab-British Chamber of Commerce shows concern

LONDON (Agencies) - The board of the Arab-British Chamber of Commerce, which has concluded one of its regular meerings, has sent a message to Lord Cockfield, the secretary of state for trade, expressing the board's concern at a possible deterioration of relations between U.K. and Arab countries as a result of the British government's failure to receive the Arab summil's delegation, and pointing to the serious effects such a measure might have on Arah-British trade.

ptries of the League of Arah States, the U.K. s third largest market after the EEC and North America, has been increasing steadily over the years, according to a statement from the board.

Total exports in 1980 amounted to £3,823.5 million an increase of 15% on 1979, while the total of £4.754.6 million in 1981 showed a 26% increase on 1980, the statement said.

The figures for 1982 are not yet available but the first half year shows a 22.5% increase on the Trade with the member cou-same period in 1981, it added.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Greeks urged to accept austerity

ATHENS (R) - Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou, in a televised address to the nation, called on workers Thursday night to accept the need for an austere incomes policy in 1983. He said Greece needed higher productivity and technological progress if its goods were to become competitive, and unemployment, which he estimated at seven to eight per cent, were to fall. Under the 1983 incomes policy, which parliament made mandatory for private firms Thursday, workers' wages are to lag behind the inflation rate for the first eight months.

Volkswagen predicts loss

FRANKFURT (R) - Volkswagen, Europe's higgest carmaker, predicted Thursday that it would make a loss this year for the first time since 1975, as new signs of economic decline emerged in West Germany. During the first nine months of the year the Volkswagen group, with extensive operations in the United States and Latin America, was 146 million marks (\$60 million) in the red. The company's forecast of losses for the year as a whole came as the Bundeshank. West Germany's central hank, said the country's economy had slipped further into recession.

U.K. inflation rate falls

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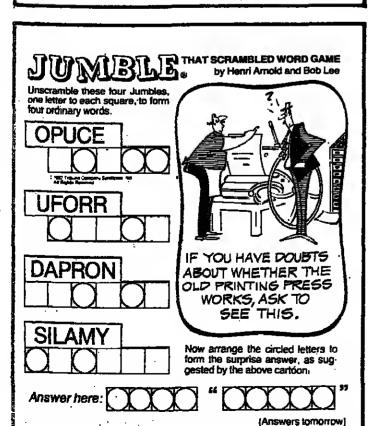
LONDON (R) - Britain's inflation rate fell last month to 6.3 per cent, its lowest level for more than 10 years, the employment ministry said Friday. The year-on-year increase in prices slipped in m 6.8 per cent and Employment Minister Norman Tebbit forecast that lower mortgage rates would bring further falls to below six per cent early next year. The November figure was the lowest since July 1972. A year ago the rate was 12 percent, and in August 1975 it touched its highest point of 26.9 per cent.

Franc-mark realignment denied

BRUSSELS (R) - West Germany and France Friday firmly denied widespread rumours on foreign exchange markets that they planned to realign their currencies in the European Monctary System (EMS). Confusion on foreign exchange markets had been exacerbated by the falling value of the dollar. French Finance Minister Jacques Delors said. Mr. Delors said the finance ministers meeting would focus on general discussion of the Community's economic outlook and hudgetary policies.



'Stanley will be late for work, Mr. Despot. He woke up grumpy and got into a fight with the dental floss."



Yesterday's Jumbles: MOUSY HOARD PACKET QUARRY

Answer A trick that takes us in-A "R-US-E"

Yamani stresses premiums issue

NICOSIA (R) - Saudi Arabia, the world's higgest oil exporter, said Friday it would no longer feel hound by the current Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) reference price of \$34 a harrel if members of the oil exporters group did not reach what it would regard a satisfactory pricing agreement.

On the eve of an OPEC meeting in Vienna. Saudi Oil Minister Ahmad Zaki Yamani was asked by the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES), a trade news letter published in Nicosia, whether the issue of differentials was imp-

Differentials are agreed premiums added to the \$34 reference price, which is fixed for Saudi light crude, to reflect the bigher yield in refined products of superior gra-

Libya, Nigeria and Algeria charge a \$1.5 differential for their top grades. The Saudis say it should be higher--around \$3.8--and that until it is raised they are enjoying an unfair advantage in the market over Saudi Arabia which has seen its sales decline.

Asked whether the issue was important, Sheikh Yamani told MEES: "Definitely it is. We alrendy made our position very clear at the Vienna OPEC conference last July, namely that if differentials are not corrected we are no looger bound by the OPEC marker price."

OPEC watchers in Vienna said Sheikh Yamani was reiteratine a well koown Saudi position and noted that he had certainly not gone so far as to declare that Saudi

Kre nlin creates new

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet leadership has created a new economic

department in the Communist Party Central Committee, a report in

In an account of a meeting in Ashkhahad, Turkmenistan, Pravda

named one of the speakers as Mr. Boris Gostev and referred to him as

It was the first time the existence of such a body had been men-

Mr. Gostev was previously head of the committee's planning and

The fact that he had now become a deputy chief indicated that the new body was probably much larger than the small specialised groups

The creation of a new inner-party body appeared to be part of a

These have included the appointments of new chiefs to the pro-

The central committee has more than 20 specialised departments

The establishment of an economic department followed calls by

The new body would centralise control and guidance and possibly

help overcome the disputes and lack of coordination between various

economic branches of which Mr. Andropov complained in a major

economics expert, possibly candidate polithuro member Mr. Vla-

dimir Dolgikh, who has wide experience of industrial management

The new department also appeared likely to be headed by a senior

RERUN GETS LONELY

RIDING ON THE BACK

OF MOM'S BICYCLE

which have a decision-making role for all aspects of Soviet economic

Mr. Andropov for a major effort to revive the country's sluggish

series of changes in the upper levels of the party hierarchy since Mr.

paganda department and Komsomol youth organisation and of new

inner-party body

the party daily Pravda indicated Friday.

the deputy director of the department.

have dealt with the economy up till now.

industrial and agricultural performance.

YOU DON'T WANT TO

RIDE BACK THERE

ALL ALONE, HUH?

Yuri Andropov became party chief last month.

finance department.

deputy foreign ministers.

and political life.

Peanuts

price if OPEC failed to settle the differentials issue.

They said they saw little prospect that the African producers would oblige the Saudis and raise

But Sheikh Yamani's reported comments, suggesting that continued Saudi defence of the \$34 benchmark should not be taken for granted, sent jitters through the financial and oil markets.

In the interview, Sheikh Yamani said: "So far it is our policy to defend the official OPEC marker price of \$34 a barrel, and we hope that all the other OPEC member countries will live up to their responsibilities in this regard,"

Sheikh Yamani told MEES some members were discounting on the official price to exceed production quotas assigned to them in March to try to defend prices in the prevailing recession-led glut. He did not name them but ind-

ustry sources said they included Iran and Libya who argue that their quotas are too small, They want Saudi Arabia to make room for them in the market

and that issue is likely to be the chief source of discord at the OPEC meeting starting in Vienna Sunday when a majority wants to set new quotas to defend prices in Libyan Heavy Industries Min-

ister Omar Muntasser predicted here that OPEC oil ministers would make no change in crude prices at their Vienna meeting Sunday.

Mr. Muntasser is on a seven-day visit to Italy. He has already con-

Arabia would definitely cut its ferred with Foreign Minister Emi-

lio Colombo and senior officials. Iran will press for a crude oil production quota of three million barrels a day at the weekend mccling the national news agency IRÑA said Friday.

It quoted Oil Minister Mohammad Gharazi as saying the 1.2 million harrel output quota allocated to Iran last March was unj-

Iran, locked in a costly war with its neighbour Iraq, has rejected the current quota and is pumping over 2.5 million barrels of crude. 'lı is also shaving its prices to grah a bigger share of the recession-hit world market.

'Iran should be allowed an appropriate share of the oil marker and has every reason to support this," IRNA quoted Mr. Qharazi as retting reporters before leaving for Vienna.

Pressure has been exerted on Iran to prevent it from producing more oil. However, now it has been realised that injustice has been done to Iran."

oil on easy terms and undercutting the OPEC price, Mr. Gharazi said the present hase price of \$34 a barrel was low and oil prices should be based on the price of substitute sources of energy.

The Iranian oil minister said OPEC, in setting production quolas, should take account of factors such as production capacity, population, financial needs and foreign exchange reserves of member countries.

However, Iran has recently promised to stick to the official OPEC price to avert a price war threatened by some OPEC mem-

Oil Minister Subroto of Indonesia told reporters he did not think demand would be much higher next year than in 1982 and that there was likely to be a seasonal dip in the northern spring.

Saturday all 13 ministers meet in a consultative session to see if they can thrash out a new production quota agreement to be rateen done to Iran," ified by a formal OPEC con-Although Iran has been selling ference due to start on Sunday,

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Leading shares were mixed while government bonds were slightly easier, with seasonal factors and hesitancy ahead of this weekend's OPEC meeting combining to influence a quiet séssion, dealers said.

A reported statement from Saudi Oil Minister Yamani to the effect that Saudi Arabia would not necessarily hold to its \$34 a barrel benchmark price prompted an early markdown in oils but most stocks had recovered by the close. Shell and B.P. had net gains of 4p and 6p respectively.

A fall in sterling after the Yamani statement pushed bonds lower, with losses of 14 or 1/8 point widespread by the close. Racal was up another 20p at 579 on the cellular radio contract announced Thursday while Hanson Trust rose 11p at 261 fol-

lowing the sale of some overseas battery manufacturers. Distillers, weak after the interim statement Thursday, rose 5p to 250 after press comment while in mostly stronger insurances Minet was up 2p at 110.

Banks were mainly firmer with Barclays up 7p at 343 and Midland up 3p at 313.

Among the leaders Glaxo fell 5p to 1,298, Plessey shed 3p to 584 while Vickers was up 10p at 92. The F.T. index at 1500 Friday was up 2.1 at 592.6.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the huying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

One U.S. dollar

1.2365/69 .4085,95 2.6560/80 2.0450/70 47.30/40

6.8275/8325 243.10/30 7.3450/3550

[400,00/140].00 6.9800/99003,5200/5300

One ounce of gold

HE NEEDS SOMEONE

TO RIDE WITH HIM

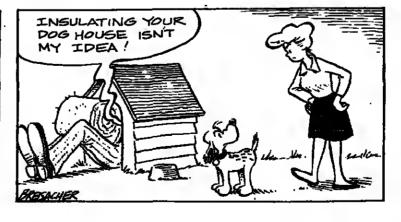
Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs

Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns

Norwegian crowns Danish crowns 439,00:440,00 U.S. dollars

Mutt 'n' Jeff





Andy Capp









FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, DEC. 18, 1982

HOPOSCOD® from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Schedule your time and activities well so that you can accomplish a great deal today. Check your surroundings and make plans for improvements. Be alert at all times today.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Situations arise today that can give you a naw outlook on lifa. Engage in civic effairs that can be helpful to the community.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Handle routine chores and gain greater benefits. Be sure to keep promises you have made to others. Be wise. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21| Ideal day to engage in

recreations with congenials. Handle home duties more efficiently and they become easier. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21| Studying new

outlets and getting into new activities can bring more succesa in the future. Be logical. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Talk over with allies what you

expect of them and vice versa, and come to a finer understanding. Something good can result.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Study what your true financial status is and make plans for improvement. The avening is fine for social pleasures. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22] Go after your most cherish-

ed personal wishes since there is a good opportunity to gain them now. Sidestep a foe. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Good day to do some investigetive work and come up with the right answers to a

problem. Think constructively. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Exchange ideas

with good friends for mutual gain. Show appreciation to those who have helped you in the past. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Delve into whatever

will give you more prestige in the community. Take time for recreation in the evening. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Study a new outlet

that could hring you added income in the future. You can now gain a long-tiroe longing. PISCES [Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You are now able to engage in interesting activities with friends and have a

most delightful time. Be happy. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will know exactly how to get rid of tensions that arise and can be objective in solving difficult probleros, so give an education dealing with arts and sciences for best results.

Teach to work with hands, "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to youl

THE Daily Crossword by Manny Miller ACROSS 25 Florida 48 Electrical Towel word tobacco 5 Destroyer 50 Reine's center 26 Gov. area of wool 51 Burst lorth 9 Rivar in Italy 28 Author's violently 54 Blackbird works

14 Heating 29 Circular 15 Common design 31 Hole In one Latin 33 West German phrase 18 As - (ger

industrial erally) 17 Puerto 35 Pickles 38 Dayligh 18 Parch 19 Varnish hours ingredient 41 Certain 42 Beams 22 Secret

signals 24 Resident: 43 - Khan 44 Gaunt Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:



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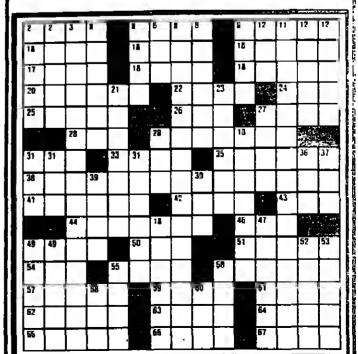
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port 53 Children 55 Lower world 56 Afeutian 7 Combination island trucking 58 One: Fr. 60 Memorial post



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Senate rejects effort to kill funds for MX production

WASHINGTON (R) - The U.S. Senate Friday rejected an effort to kill MX production funding and approved President Reagan's compromise plan to win ultimate congressional approval of funds for the powerful new missile.

An amendment to kill the production funding was defeated 70 to 28. The Senate then approved 56 to 42 the compromise granting the funds but prohibiting their being spent until Congress approves a basing system for the missile.

The effort to kill the production funds was led by assistant Senate Democratic leader Alan Cranston of California and Democratic Sen. Edward Kennedy of Massachusetts.

The House rejected 245-176 last week the president's request for \$988 million to build the first five MX missiles next year and they urged to Senate to do the same.

Mr. Cranston said the MX would "increase the risk of nuclear war" by tempting the Soviet Union to launch a nuclear attack before the MX missiles could destroy its missiles.

But supporters of the missile, led by Democratic Sen. Henry Jackson of Washington State, agreed with Mr. Reagan that the MX was

needed to counter a Soviet missile buildup. Under the compromise, the president is required to report on March 1 or later whether he still wants his controversial dense pack" basing system or some other plan and Congress would have to

give final approval to a basing system within 45 days. Opponents led by Democratic Sen. Ernest Hollings, said "dense

Parliament outlaws new

British immigration laws

pack" was dead because it would not work and said no deadline should be put on congressional consideration of an entire new basing

We have put 'dense pack' to bed and now let's go forward and look for a survivable missile and a survivable basing mode," he said. Bul Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger has told Congress the. request next year will still be for "dense pack." He said he believed

Congress would accept it after more study. "Dense pack" would put 100 MX missiles close together in

reinforced-concrete silos in the state of Wyoming.

The theory behind "dense pack" is that Soviet missiles hitting such a small area would destroy each other, allowing half the MX missiles to survive and counterattack.

A conference committee of senators and House members must now work out a compromise on the MX production funding for final approval by Congress.

The Senate also approved Friday without debate \$11.5 billion for foreign aid, including a \$475 million increase for Israel that the administration opposed.

Deputy Secretary of State Kenneth Dam said the increase would hurt President Reagan's Middle East peace proposal by angering Arab countries and rewarding Israeli intransigence.

The resolution would increase Israel's aid to \$2.6 billion including \$910 million for economic aid and 1.7 billion for military credit loans, half of which would be written off.

Alliance sceptical of

LONDON (R) - British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher suffered an embarrassing parliamentary defeat Thursday when right wingers in her Conservative Party rebelled against immigration rules they said would admit too many Asians. The right wingers joined the Labour, Liberal and Social Dem-

ocratic parties, who denounced the new rules from the opposite standpoint as racist and sexist, to defeat the measure by 290 votes to The unexpected upset was another blow to Home Secretary Wil-

liam Whitelaw, who is responsible for law enforcement and immigration and who has been attacked by Members of Parliament who want tougher policing and harsher punishment of criminals.

A calinet shuffle is widely expected soon, but officials said the home secretary was in no danger of losing his joh. "Attempts to get rid of Wilhe Whitelaw will fail," one of Mrs. Thatcher's aides said. Mr. Whitelaw is the most influential figure in the Conservative Party's out-of-favour moderate faction.

The immigration issue is a frequent point of contention within the ruling party, which was dominated by moderates like Mr. Whitelaw for a generation until Mrs. Thatcher won the leadership from former Prime Minister Edward Heath.

The middle-of-the-road Liberal Party offered Thursday to back Mr. Whitelaw against his rebels and help him pass the measure if he would put it forward in a slightly less restrictive form.

Immigration has long been a sensitive political subject in Britain, and the government's defeat in the House of Commons followed a noisy wrangle that lasted until early morning.

Sixteen Conservative Members of Parliament voted against revised rules which would have allowed immigrant women who take British citizenship to bring husbands or fiancees to this country. About 30 Conservatives defied party managers by abstaining.

Officials say about 3,000 Indians, Pakistanis and Bangladeshis a year will be affected by these rules.

The custom of arranged marriages can bring together Asian couples who have never met, and right wingers regard this as a loophole in immigration restraints.

The old rules gave men a greater right to bring in brides than it allowed women to bring in bridegrooms. Mr. Whitelaw felt they conflicted with the European code on human rights.

Concessions made to conservative right wingers during drafting retained a distinction between men and women, leading the opposition parties to vote against them.

Oddly, the rules which were defeated will nevertheless go into effect on a temporary basis on Jan. 1 as part of a long-planned revision of the country's citizenship laws. Mr. Whitelaw has 40 days to come up with new proposals.

The package as a whole distinguishes the Britons of Britain itself from the peoples of colonies like Hong Kong and from minority residents of former colonies who chose to keep British passports when the countries they lived in won independence.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN

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Both vulnerable. South deals. NORTH **+73** ♥J42 ◇ K 62 + AOJ43 EAST **108654** + Q92 ♥ Q 1086 **◇ Q 10** ♦ J985 **4** 10875 + K 6 SOUTH **AKJ** ♥ A 953 ♦ A743 **4**92 The hidding:

South West North East 1 NT Pass 3 NT Pass Pags Page Opening lead: Five of .

The rubber bridge player learns to put the safety of his contract above all else. The duplicate player has to weigh risk vs. gain in the pursuit of overtricks.

South's decision to open one no trump is in keeping with modern theory. The basis is that it is more important to get the hand off your chest with one bid than toworry about the fact that you have a weak doubleton in one suit and that the hand might play better from the other side, or in some other strain. North's raise to three no 15 automatic.

<

The rubber bridge player should always make this contract. The duplicate player will, in all probability, go down - if the defense is sharp enough.

Assume that you are playing in a tournament. You capture the queen of spades with the king and take a club finesse. If East is a wily defender, he allows your jack to win! Now you can't be blamed for returning to your hand and repeating the finesse. This time East wins the king and, since you have only one entry to dummy, you cannot both set up and enjoy the long-card trick in the club suit.

The rubber bridge player has learned to respect money. He realizes that he needs only three tricks from the club auit to make his contract. If he is a good technician, he will lead a low club from his hand and duck in dummy! That guarantees the contract if clubs break no

worse than 4-2. . As the cards lie, East can win the first club trick with the six and return a spade. Declarer wina and takes the cluh finesse. Even though this loses to East, declarer is on top of the world. He can win any return hy East, cross to the table with the king of diamonds and draw the last two clubs with the ace-queen. Dummy'a lowly four of clubs is his ninth trick.

Moscow's reported hint

control experts have said that there is no hard evidence to back up reports that Moscow may be ready to halve its medium-range nuclear missile force.

The reported offer was vague and seemed to be based on an attempt to juggle with figures, they said. It would still leave the Soviet Union with a substantial force of SS-20s aimed at targets in Western Europe

British Foreign Secretary Francis Pym has cast serious doubt on suggestions that Moscow was weighing a cutback from about 600 intermediate-range missiles to around 250.

The reports were "uot in accordance with our understanding," and would need to be probed further, he told Parliament. Other British, U.S. and West

European experts said the reports, which first appeared in the U.S. press last weekend, were misleading and could raise false copes.

said the ideas may have been floated by Moscow in an attempt to get the West to back off from a U.S.-sponsored zero option proposal in current arms talks. This is designed to bar all U.S. and Soviet medium-range missiles from Europe.

Already, some European polticians have said the hints from Moscow could mean something and that the West should consider a partial cutback if the zero option

proves unattainable. The flurry of interest began with New York Times report that. Soviet diplomats in the Geneva arms talks had indicated readiness to limit their midrange missile force to 150 targeted on Western Enrope and 100 aimed at Asia,

including China. Officials contacted in European capitals said the ideas were aired informally before the U.S.-Soviet negotiations adjourned on Nov. 30 and would be checked out when the year-long talks resume

"Just a hint"

"This was not a formal proposal, just a hint or suggestion," a senior British government arms analyst said.

President Reagan said this week the reported offer "Isn't adequate" and would leave the West considerably disadvantaged. The U.S. State Department cailed the ideas "indications of a fragmentary nature," and Mr. Pym said they were imprecise.

The Soviet ideas were offered on condition that NATO would abandon plans for the basing of 572 U.S. Pershing II and Cruise

LONDON (R) — Western arms missiles in five West European

countries, starting late in 1983. They were described as a refinement of an original Soviet proposal that each side should cut back to a total of 300 mediumrange weapons, including missiles and bombers.

The U.S. says Moscow has installed 333 of the triple-warhead SS-20s, with about two-thirds targeted on Western Europe. Western experts said the sug-

gested 50 per cent overall cut seemed to be based on a Soviet count of roughly 330 SS-20s and 260 older SS-4s and SS-5s now in place on Soviet territory.

As the SS-4s and SS-5s are already due for retirement, it would imply the dismantling of about 80 to 90 of the 240-250 SS-20s now pointed at Western Europe.

It would still leave 150 in the western USSR within range of Western cities and 100 in eastern areas which could be quickly traasported to face Westwards, the experts said.

It would also leave the U.S. with no medium-range missiles capable of hitting the Soviet Union from European land bases. Existing U.S. missiles aimed at the Soviet Union are based in the United States or on submarines and aircraft.

Some NATO sources said Mos-150 schoolchildren. cow may he trying to split the West by hinting that it is finally ready to scrap some SS-20s.

French, British weapons

Previously, Moscow offered only to shift some of them beyond the Ural mountains, out of range of Western Europe.

The new Soviet formula seemed to be based on the Kremlin's repeated insistence that it should be compensated for British and French medium-range missiles already deployed.

The Soviet Union has demanded from the start that the two European independent nuclear deterrent forces should be counted within an overall Western total. The West has so far refused to negotiate on British and French

weapons. The 150 European-targeted missiles to be retained by Moscow under the new plan would coi-ncide roughly with 64 British Polaris submarine missiles and 97 French submarine and land-based

Western experts suspect the Soviet Union intends to count about 90 British and French planes within the remaining 150 nuclear-capable aircraft which the West would be allowed to deploy, within the total ceiling of 300 medium-range weapons.

meets reporters

GDANSK (R) — Lech Walesa, leader of Poland's banned Solidarity union, who was prevented by the authorities from addressing supporters Thursday, told reporters Friday be was resolved to carry on the struggle to regain worker rights, hut using only peaceful methods.

Mr. Walesa, who remained silent after his release from internment last month while he assessed the political situation, said:

'The time for watching is over." Speaking at his home in the Zaspa working class suburb of Gdansk, Mr. Walesa said when asked what he would do in the future: "The same as before August,

during August and afterwards." "I don't want to topple the authorities, but in the best way I can I want to improve conditions and fight for the cause of the working

world." He said be wanted to carry through the principles of the ind-ependent Solidarity union, banned in October, in a "peaceful way, the way of partnership and

understanding. Asked his opinion of the new trade unions being established by the authorities, he said: "I am for pluralism and hindering the cre-ation of new unions would be undemocratic. I am asking for a possibility of finding a place in some unions. But the new unions in their present form do not interest

North Yemen appeals for more aid

SANAA (R) - North Yemen has launched a fresh appeal for aid as new areas of devastation were disclosed after Monday's earthquake, estimated to have killed over 2,000 people and made 400,000 homeless.

Health Minister Mohamed Al-Kabab appealed for medical supplies and said field hospitals were particularly required because of heavy casualties.

The 40-second tremor hit a densely populated area of this Red Sea country and the homeless are living in poor conditions in camps.

Officials said 183 villages were severely damaged including 15 razed to the ground. So far 1,400 bodies have been found and aut horities said the estimated final toll of over 2,000 included victims still buried under the debris of their homes.

In the mountain village of Dhoran, about 2,200 above sea level, 500 people were killed, including

A team of geologists from Saudi Arabia arrived Thursday night to study the reasons for the earthonake, which was unprecedented in Yemen's modern history.

Foreign newsmen who toured the semi-circle earthquake area about 100 kilometres southwest of Sanaa heard eyewitness reports of mountains which shook and of cracks opening up in the earth, swallowing many families.

A 70-year-old farmer at Kobatel village, Mohamed Saleh, said be was planting rye when he heard an explosion and looked up to see the avalanche sweeping everything."

Palestinian commandos, living here since they left Lebanon in September, were helping in rescue

work. A West German team with specially trained dogs was also taking

part in the search for survivors. Relief supplies from Arab and other countries as well medical teams are working round the clock treating the wounded who are being ferried to hospitals by hel-

United States air force planes left their U.S. base Thursday night to fly in supplies of tents, blankets and medicine, the Defence Department announced in Washington.

beginning of the 1970s, child

death rates in low-income con-

But in recent years, it says, pro-

gress has not been maintained -

and for many children, par-

ticularly in Africa and in poor

Asian and Latin American towns,

several medical and social bre-

akthroughs which, it says, offer

"new hope in dark times."

The UNICEF report singles out

life is growing worse.

ntries were reduced by half.

Solidarity chief 1 dead, 65 hurt in **Buenos Aires rally**

BUENOS AIRES (R) - A huge the square and surrounding thranti-government rally erupted in violence and death Thursday night with riot police firing tear gas canisters into crowds demanding an end to six years of military rule.

Police said one young man was shot dead and 65 people were injured in the disorders that followed "march for democracy" by 100,000 demonstrators calling for a return to civilian government.

Political party officials des-Aires as the most violent in Argentina's capital since the military seized power in 1976.

Police said 35 civilians and 30 of their own men were injured. There were 120 arrests.

An interior ministry official blamed the violence on more than 2,000 "strongly organised infiltrators" who tried to break through police lines guarding the presidential palace facing the Plaza de Mayo Square where the rally was held.

Demonstrators scrambled to safety as police sprayed tear gas into the crowd waving banners and chanting anti-military slogans

in the square, rally organisers said. Street lamps, shop windows and subway signs were shattered in the melee. Demonstrators lit bonfires at street corners in attempts to

oughfares. Six political parties were rep-

resented at the raily cailing for a return to democracy. President Reynaldo Bignone an army general, has announced that elections will be held in the

pledged to hand over power not later than March 1984. Police superintendent Franciso Satej told a news conference that cribed the rally in central Buenos 10 of the injured officers were

last quarter of next year and has

badly hurt, one with a broken Violence flared on the police line when a group of leftwing Montoneros guerrillas hurled rocks at policemen, the sup-

erintendent said. He added that five other leftist groups played a major role in the disturbances. The army says that the Montoneros, armed wing of an extreme leftist branch of the Peronist

Party, were crushed during an anti-guerrilla military campaign in the late 1970s. Human rights groups have acc-

used security forces of being responsible for the disapperance of up to 30,000 people during the crackdown.

One of the major demands at the rally was for an accounting of disperse the tear gas wafting over the missing thousands.

External forces must leave Lebanon now'

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — Lebanese Foreign Minister Elie Salem believes the "time is right" for withdrawal of all external forces from his country, an event he thinks could be accomplished in days rather than months. After an unscheduled meeting

with U.S. President Reagan Dec. 15, the foreign minister told reporters at the White House that the instructions Mr. Reagan has given U.S. peace envoy Philip Habib form the basis for a negotiated withdrawal of Israeli, Syrian and Palestinian fighting forces from

Deputy White House press secretary Larry Speakes said later that the Salem meeting was "productive and useful" for both sides. But Mr. Speakes told a questioner, when asked about Mr. Salem's optimism on troop withdrawal, that the White House. while hopeful for a rapid withdrawal, has set no timetable.

Mr. Speakes said the president, Vice President Bush and other U.S. officials emphasised to Mr. Salem "the urgency of achieving rapid withdrawal of all foreign forces" calling it "critical" for re-establishment of Lebanon's

sovereignty
Questioned about the withdrawal, Mr. Salem said, "we are talking about a very short time. The situation is ready for solution, the time is really right, and we should be talking in terms of days and weeks, not at all in terms of

Noting that Mr. Habib has scheduled discussions with Israeli officials and Lebanese authorities this week, Mr. Salem said it would not be appropriate for him to mention in detail Mr. Reagan's instructions to his special emissary.

He said "one should not be tal-

added, "there are no stumbling hlocks" in the Habib instructions. He said if others "have certain fears, those could be dissipated if there is good will and if we both trust the American mediation eff-

Mr. Salem said Mr. Reagan's instructions to ambassador Habib "provide a very useful bac-kground on which the two sides should be able to agree. The foreign forces should be out of Lebanon soon. There is absolutely no reason for them to linger."

Mr. Salem pointed out each of the three factions gave specific public reasons for entering Lebanon and said, "every one of them is in Lebanon now for a reason other than that for which it entered, and we should be discussing immediate withdrawal."

Asked what has prevented the withdrawal to this point, Mr. Salem replied, "because some

people are difficult." Mr. Salem expressed confidence that a withdrawal can be arranged even though each of the three forces has set conditions concerning the withdrawal of the other two.

"These forces should all withdraw from Lebanon," be said, "and it is unfair for any force to say 'I will not withdraw until the other one has." " He said the withdrawal could be arranged in a package in which all of them will withdraw, using adjectives such as simultaneous' 'concurrent' or 'a little bit after."

Noting that the United States and Italy have not yet reached a decision on whether to increase the size of their contributions to the multinational forces in Beirut, Mr. Salem asserted the new troops would be going to supervise king about these points now," but peace, not to fight a war.

Britain ejects suspected S. African security agent

LONDON (R) - Britain, in an | spaper said be ran a network of unprecedented move, has ejected a South African embassy emplovee suspected of spying hut South Africa promptly denied he had harmed British security.

The British Foreign Office said Thursday it had advised the South African embassy in Londou to withdraw Joseph Klue, a member of the administrative and technical staff since Ang. 1980, and he had left the country about a month

Official sources said the Foreign Office made clear that if the embassy did not withdraw him. he would be expelled. In Pretoria, South African

Prime Minister Pik Botha issued a statement acknowledging that Mr. Klue was engaged in intelligence activities hut said suggestions that he spied against Britain were unfounded. He had obtained important inf-

ormation about violence planned by the banned African National Congress (ANC) in South Africa, Mr. Botha said. The ANC is a mainly black org-

anisation committed to overthrowing Pretoria's white minority government by force.

Officials in Pretoria indentified

agents in Britain and Europe. The British Foreign Office; explaining its action, said: "We had reason to believe he was engaged

in activities incompatible with his

official status." This is the usual diplomatic euphemism for spying and the Foreign Office used the same language early this month when it expelled the naval attache at the Soviet emhassy in London.

Mr. Botha said Britain had asked South Africa to waive Mr. Klue's diplomatic immunity from prosecution, but the republic had first asked for further information.

As the required information was not available, the South African government decided Mr. Klue's continued presence in Britain would no longer serve any useful purpose and he had left on Nov. 23, Mr. Botha added.

South Africa claimed the embassy was a hotbed of intelligence agents, the sources said Britain was not throwing out any more South

Mike Terry, secretary of the anti-apartheid movement in Britain, said Mr. Kine was "relatively Mr. Klue as a warrant officer in small fry' and that there were still

NEWS BRIEF

Shultz lauds multinational force

PARIS (Agencies) — The multina.ional force in Lebanon is "an example of outstanding cooperation and collaboration," and 'a''
"is working very well." U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz reported at a press conference. There is the possibility of expanding the force, he said, but that would require consultation. Mr. Shultz said that be and French Foreign Minister Claude Cheysson agreed that 'as developments take place in Lebanon and as it may emerge that new and additional missions for the multinational force might be put on the table, we both said we are quite ready to look at

Grace the unwashed upsets Soviet press

MOSCOW (R) — Russian parents are giving their children names such as Genius, Commentaria and Elektron, a Moscow newspaper complained Friday. saying it was time the practice stopped. "The names are sometimes extravagant, pretentious, or downright illiterate," the daily Komsomolskaya Prayda said. Other examples included Bayadera, which means a woman of pleasure, and one luckless girl was called Gratsia Nyeumitova, which translates as "grace the unwashed".

Filipino editorial staff on trial

MANILA (R) — An opposition newspaper editor and nine of his staff were accused of mounting a vilification campaign against Philippines President Ferdinand Marcos when their trial on charges of subversion opened here. The first prosecution witness. Col. Balbino Diego of the presidential security command, said in an affidavit that We Forum "has consistently incited the people to rise in arms against the through its slanted news reporting and its regular columns."

Liechtenstein finds out its mistake

VADUZ (R) - Liechtenstein, a principality so conservative it still refuses to give women the vote. has discovered to its horror that it has been using Communist school books for the past five years to teach writing to its pupils. The government, which assumed the East German books were Swiss since they were delivered by a Zurich company, has now banned their use, a spokesman said Friday. The real origin of the books went unnoticed until a local newspaper complained about the ideological content of sentences used to teach German writing and punctuation. According to the Liechtensteiner Volksblatt, the book instructed pupils to practise their newly-learned writing skills with sentences such as: "I owe party everything good and beautiful in.

Evren flies from China to Indonesia

JAKARTA (R) - Turkish President Kenan Evren arrived Friday for a four-day official visit to Indonesia as part of an Asian tour. The Turkish head of state, who was greeted at the airport by President Suharto with a 21-gun salme and a guard of honour, flew directly in a special plane from Shanghai, China. Diplomats said they could not recall any previous direct flights between China and Indonesia since diplomatic relations between the two countries were frozen in the mid-sixties following as abortive Communist coup here.

4 FBI agents, embezzler and lawyer killed in air crash

CINCINNATI, Ohio (R) — An embezzier leading the Federal Bureau of Investigation to where he huried \$50,000 in cash was kil-Though anti-apartheid critics of led Thursday with four FBI agents and a lawyer when their light plane crashed into a house, police said. Witnesses said the twinengined Cessua hit a telephone pole and smashed into a bookstore in a Cincinnati suburb. The FBI said Carl Johnson was leading the agents to where he buried \$50,000 from a 1975 theft of \$614,851 from a Chicago bank where he had

UNICEF issues bleak report on children UNITED NATIONS (R) the end of World War II and the

Every two seconds of this year, a young child has died of disease or lack of proper food, a report released Thursday says. And if present trends continue.

there will be at least 600 million

seriously undernourished children the world by the year 2000, it predicts. The report, by James Grant, head of the United Nations Chi-Idren's Fund (UNICEF), says that, despite medical advances offering the opportunity for a revolution in child health, many of

Measles, whooping cough, diphtheria, tetanus, poliomyelitis and tuberculosis kill about five million children every year in developing countries. Tetanus alone kills between 2,500 and 3,000 children

the world's children are worse off

today than they were a few years

According to the report, the proportion of the world's children who live without adequate food, water, health care and education will stay about the same until 2000. But the absolute number will grow by 30 per cent to between 600 and 650 million. The report says that, excluding

the cost of measures such as immunising every child against killer diseases, a direct assault on the worst aspects of hunger and malnutrition would cost \$6 billion a year, or one per cent of the world's

annual expenditure on arm-It says: "Every day of this last, year, more than 40,000 young children have died from malnutrition

and infection. "And for every one who has died, six now live on in hunger and ill-health which will be etched forever, upon their lives. The report notes that between

deaths a year.

Knowo as "oral rehydration therapy", it consists of giving the sick child a mixture of sugar, salt and water that increases the body's rate of fluid absorption.

Much the most important is a treatment for dehydration caused by diarrhoeal infectiou that is the developing world's higgest child killer, causing about five million

> the South African defence force. at least a dozen agents at the South The London Daily Express new- African embassy.